

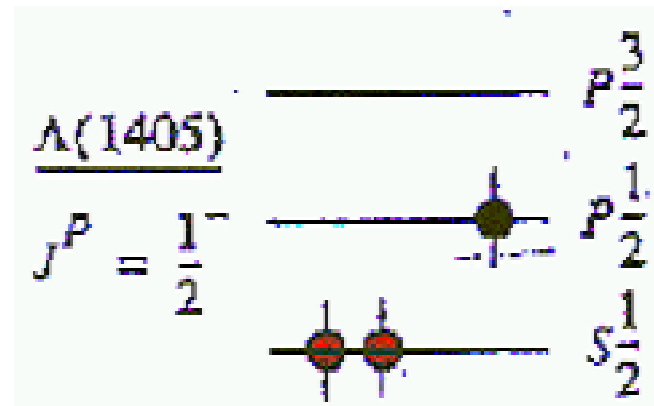
# The Nature of the $\Lambda(1405)$ from Photoproduction at LEPS/SPring-8

Jung Keun Ahn (PNU)

M. Niiyama(RIKEN)

for the LEPS Collaboration

$\Lambda(1405) S_{01}$



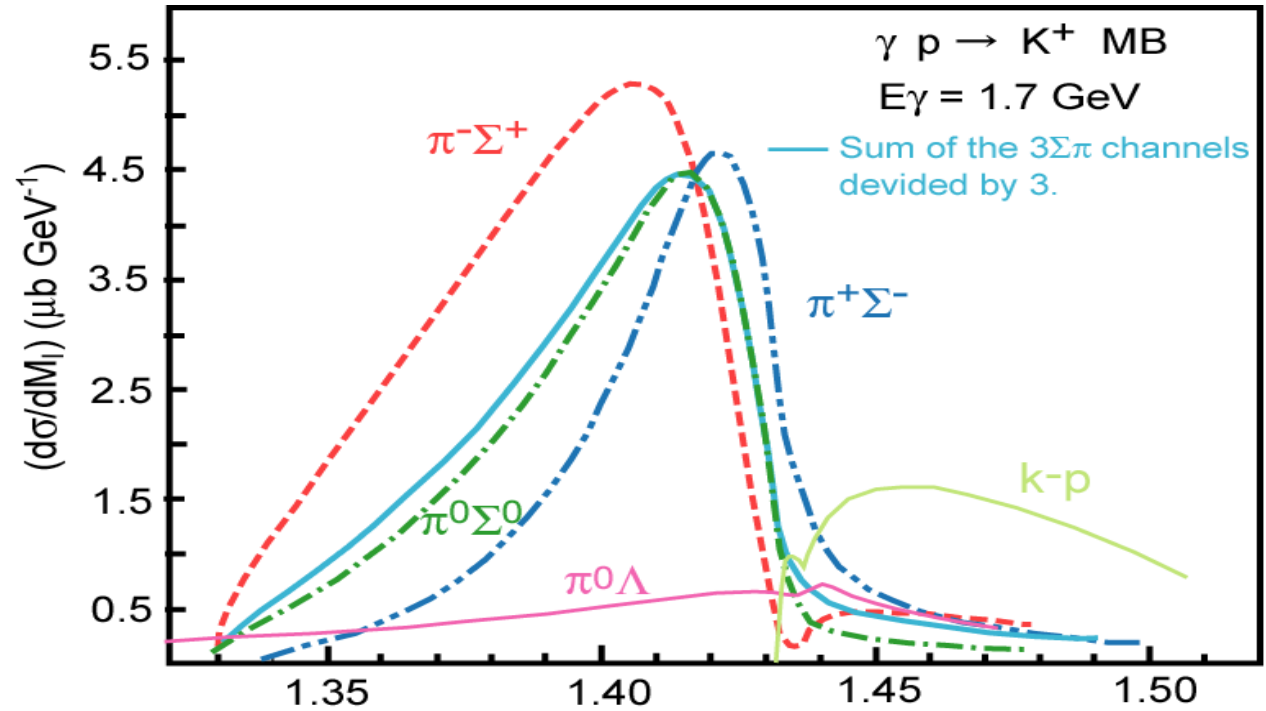
- **Quark Model State with Orbital Excitation**
  - Mass-degenerate  $J^P=3/2^-$   $\Lambda(1520)$  115 MeV away
- **KN Molecule, Dynamically Generated**
  - Another  $J^P=1/2^-$   $\Lambda(1520)$  undetected as yet
- **New forms of hadronic matter such as meson-baryon molecules, pentaquarks, and/or hybrids.**

$$\frac{1}{2}|T^{(1)}|^2 + \frac{1}{3}|T^{(0)}|^2 + \frac{2}{\sqrt{6}}\text{Re}(T^{(0)}T^{(1)*}); \quad \pi^+\Sigma^-$$

*E. Oset et al., PLB455 55(1999)*

$$\frac{1}{2}|T^{(1)}|^2 + \frac{1}{3}|T^{(0)}|^2 - \frac{2}{\sqrt{6}}\text{Re}(T^{(0)}T^{(1)*}); \quad \pi^-\Sigma^+$$

$$\frac{1}{3}|T^{(0)}|^2; \quad \pi^0\Sigma^0$$



$\pi^0\Lambda$   $\pi^0\Sigma^0$   $\pi^-\Sigma^+$   $\pi^+\Sigma^-$   $K^-p$   $\bar{K}^0p$   $\eta\Lambda$   $\pi^0\Sigma^0$   $K^0\Xi^0$   $K^-\Xi^+$

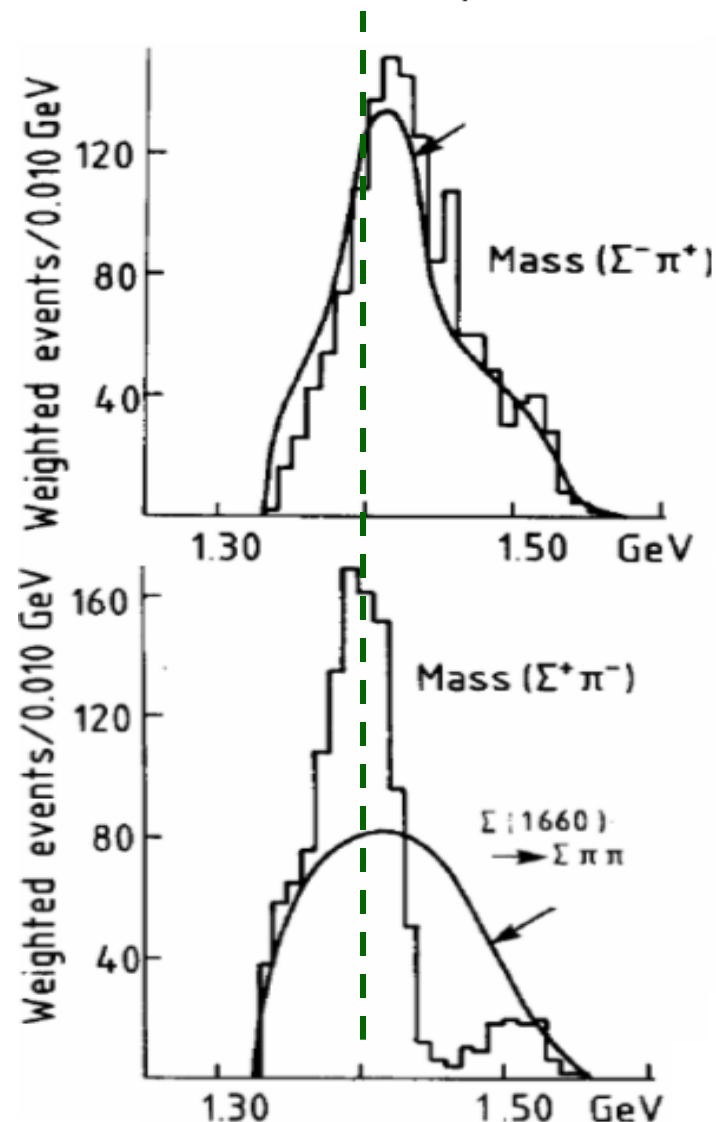
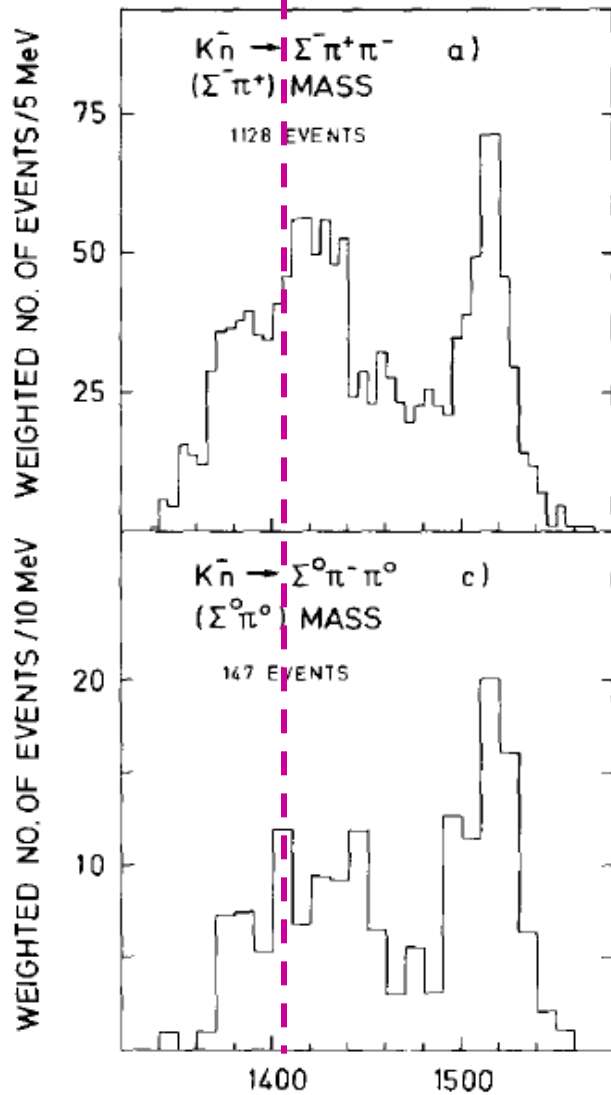
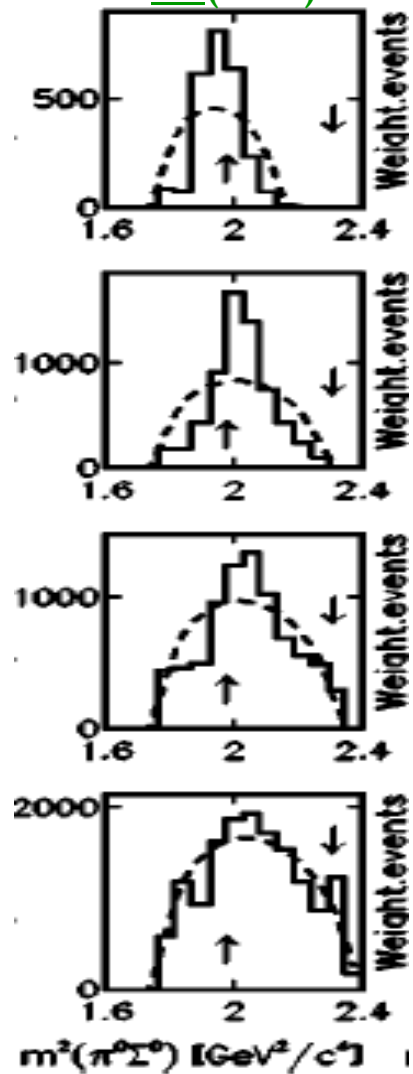
S. Prakhov et al.,  
PRC 70(2004) 034605

$K^-n$  INTERACTIONS

V. HEPP Nuclear Physics B115 (1976) 82

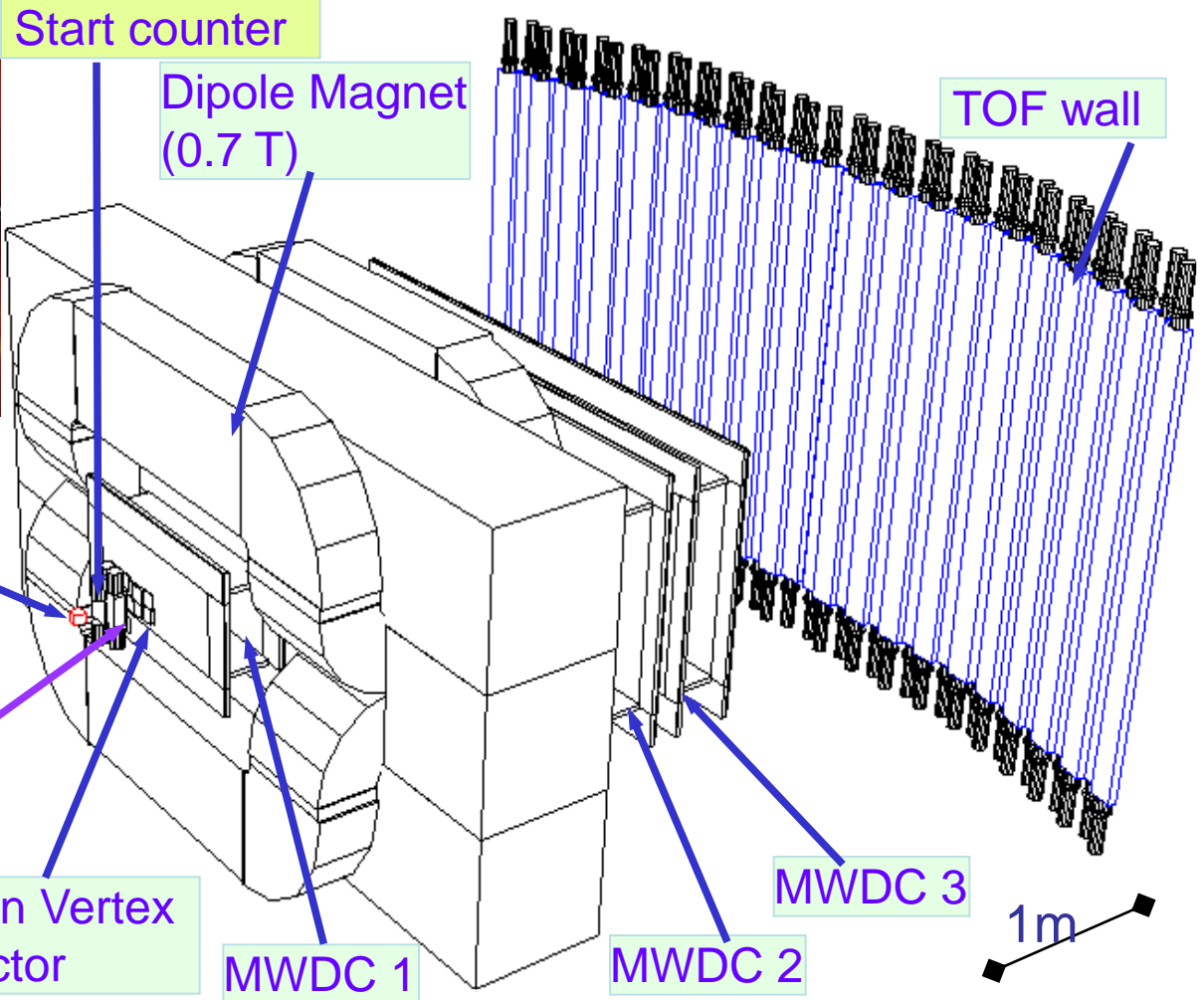
$\Lambda(1405)$  IN  $K^-p$  REACTIONS AT 4.2 GeV/c

R.J. HEMINGWAY Nuclear Physics B253 (1985) 742





2.4-GeV LEP with Ar laser [351 nm, 6.5 W, CW]  
3.0-GeV LEP with Deep-UV laser [257 nm, 1-1.5 W, CW]



Liquid Hydrogen Target  
50mm and 150mm long

$\gamma$

Aerogel Cerenkov  
( $n=1.03$ )

Silicon Vertex  
Detector

Dipole Magnet  
(0.7 T)

MWDC 1

MWDC 2

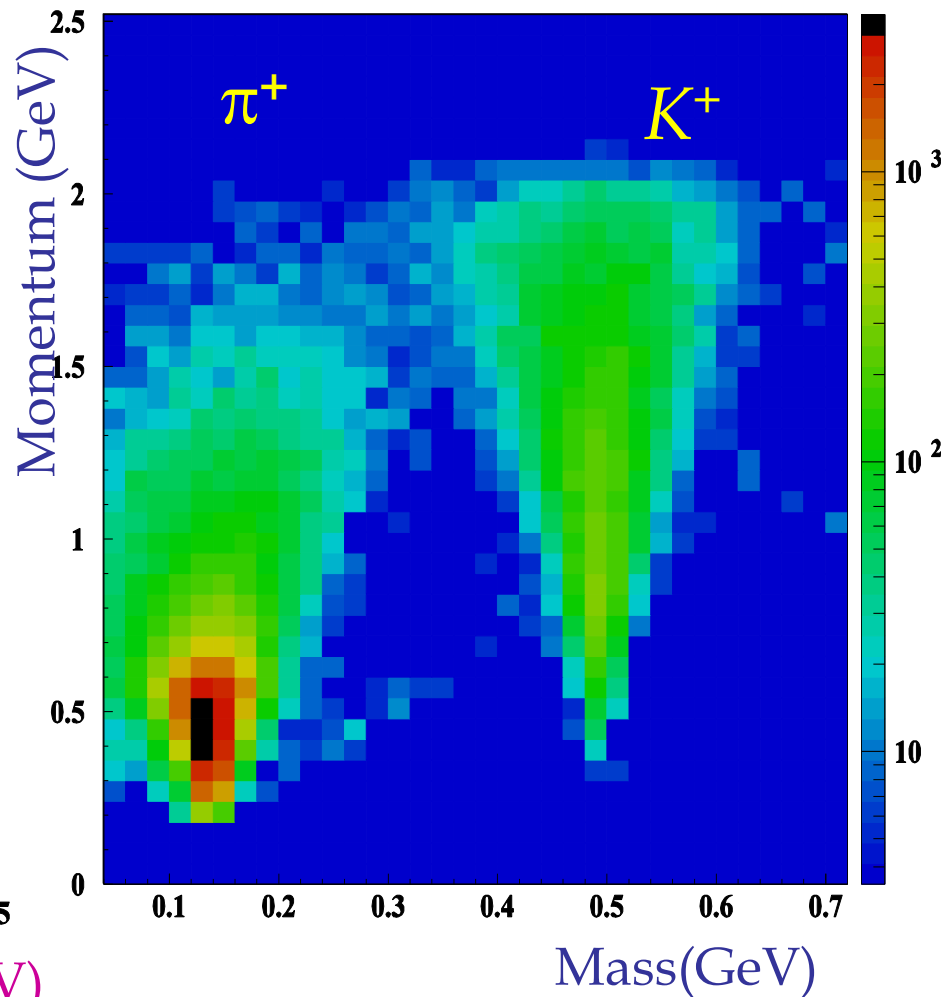
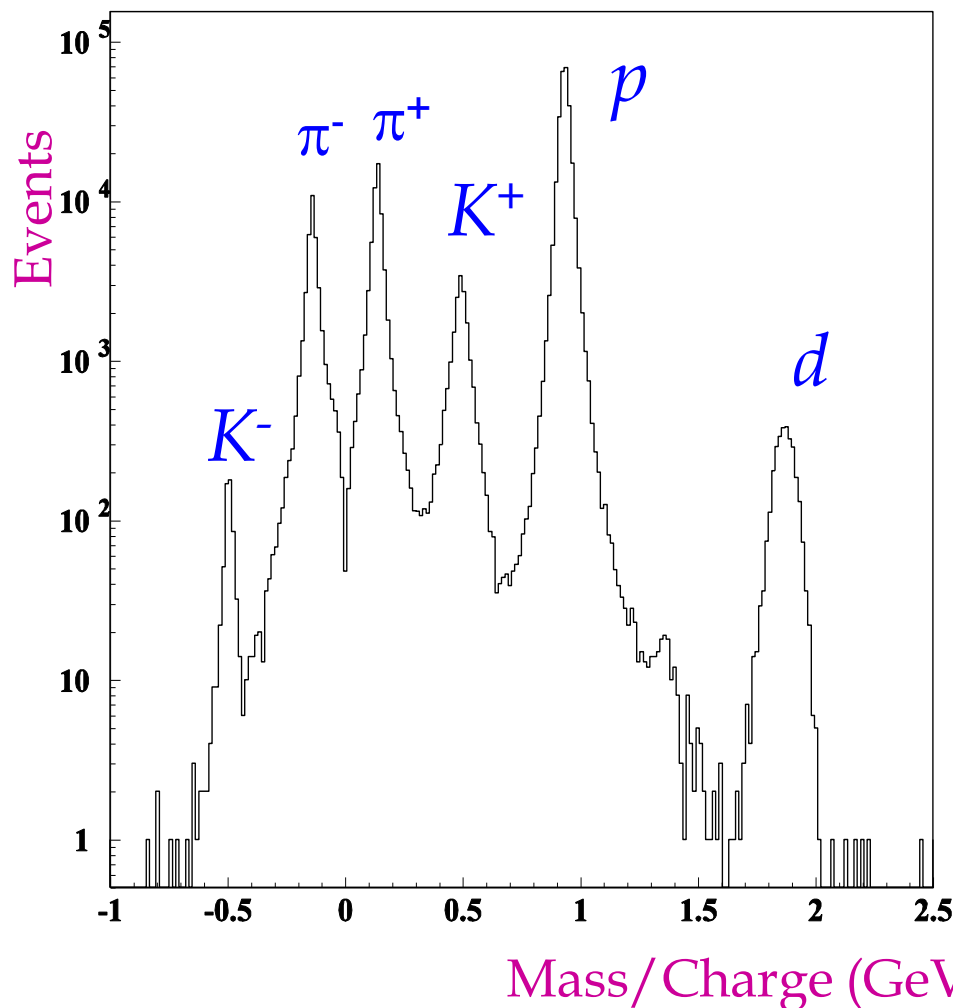
MWDC 3

TOF wall

1m

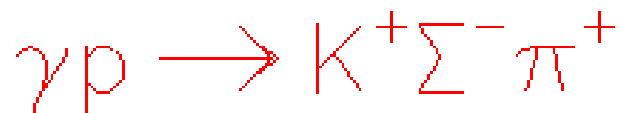
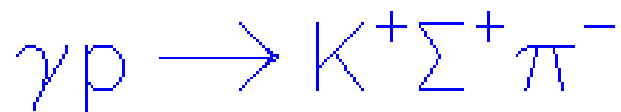
*Reconstructed mass*

*K/ $\pi$  separation (+ve charge)*

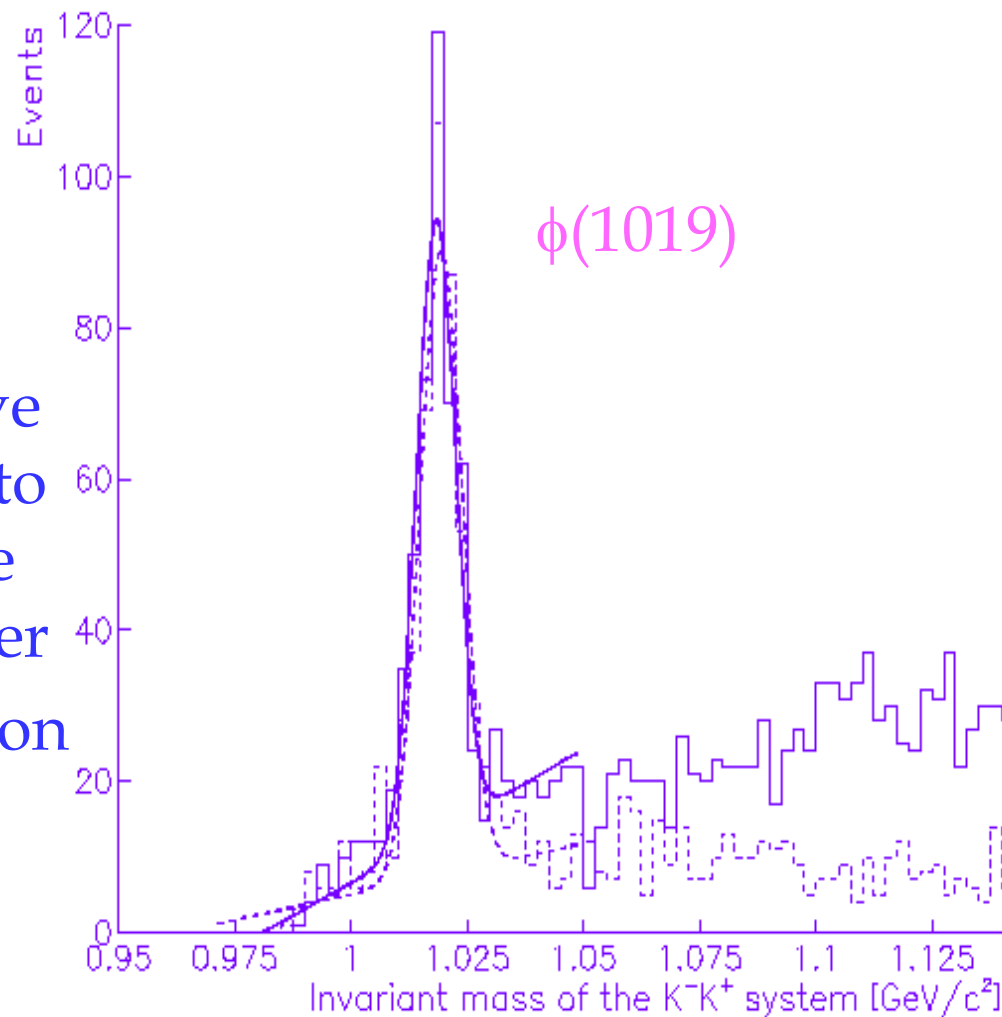


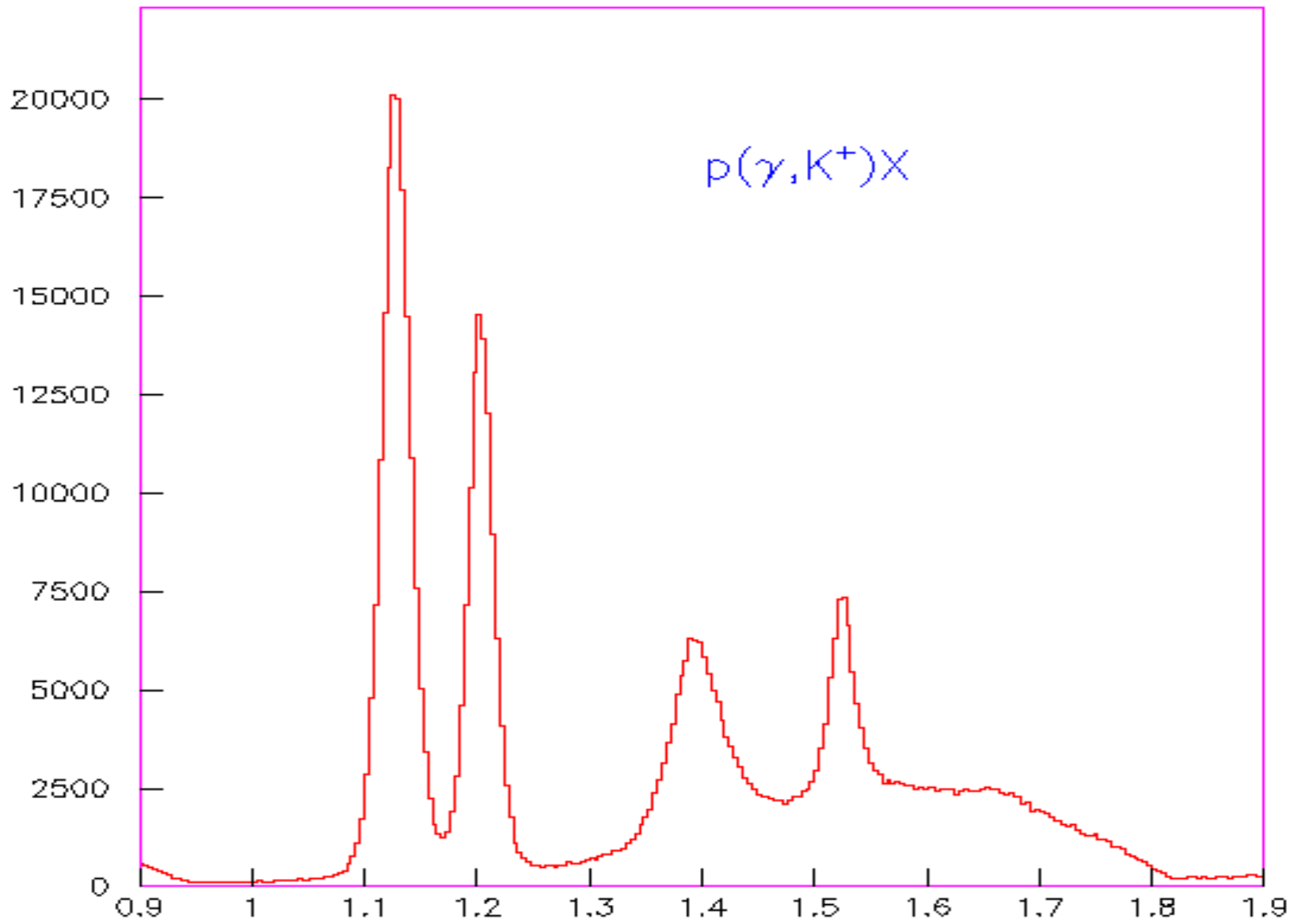
$\sigma(\text{mass}) = 30 \text{ MeV}(\text{typ.})$  for 1 GeV/c Kaon

# Acceptance for + / - Particles

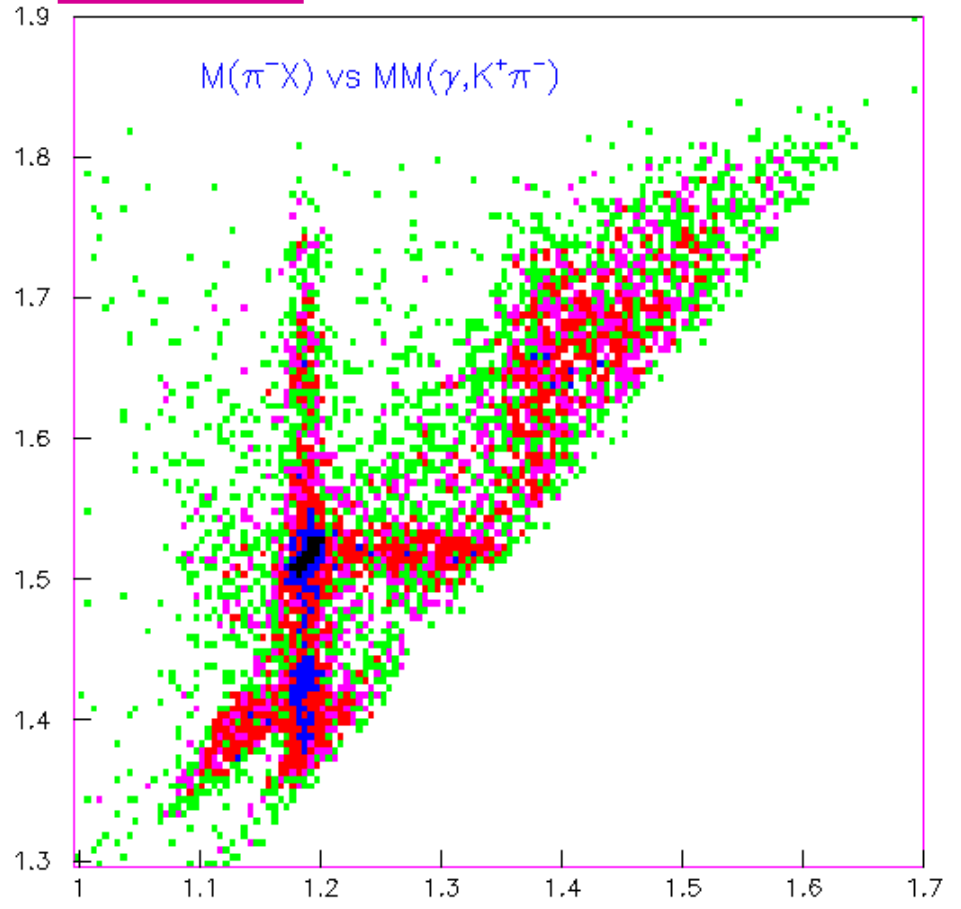
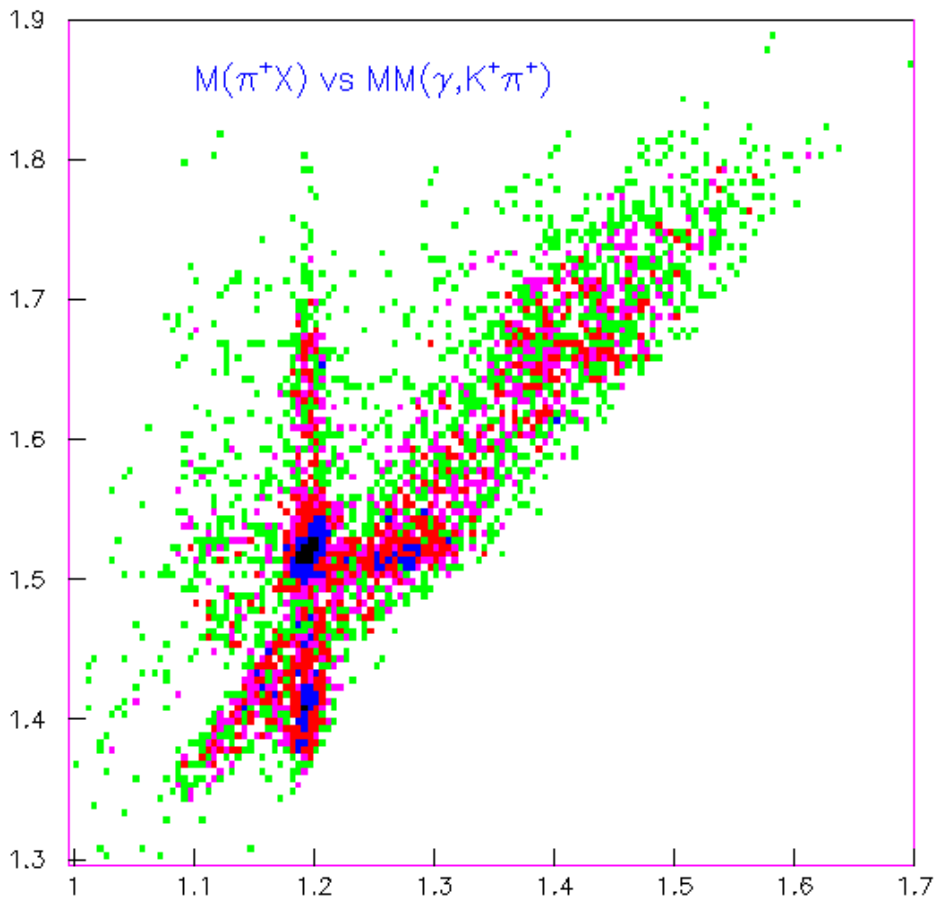
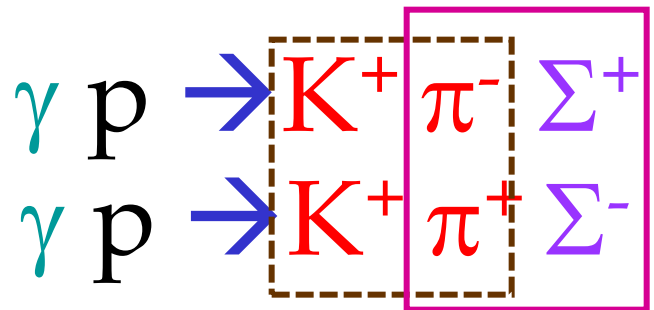


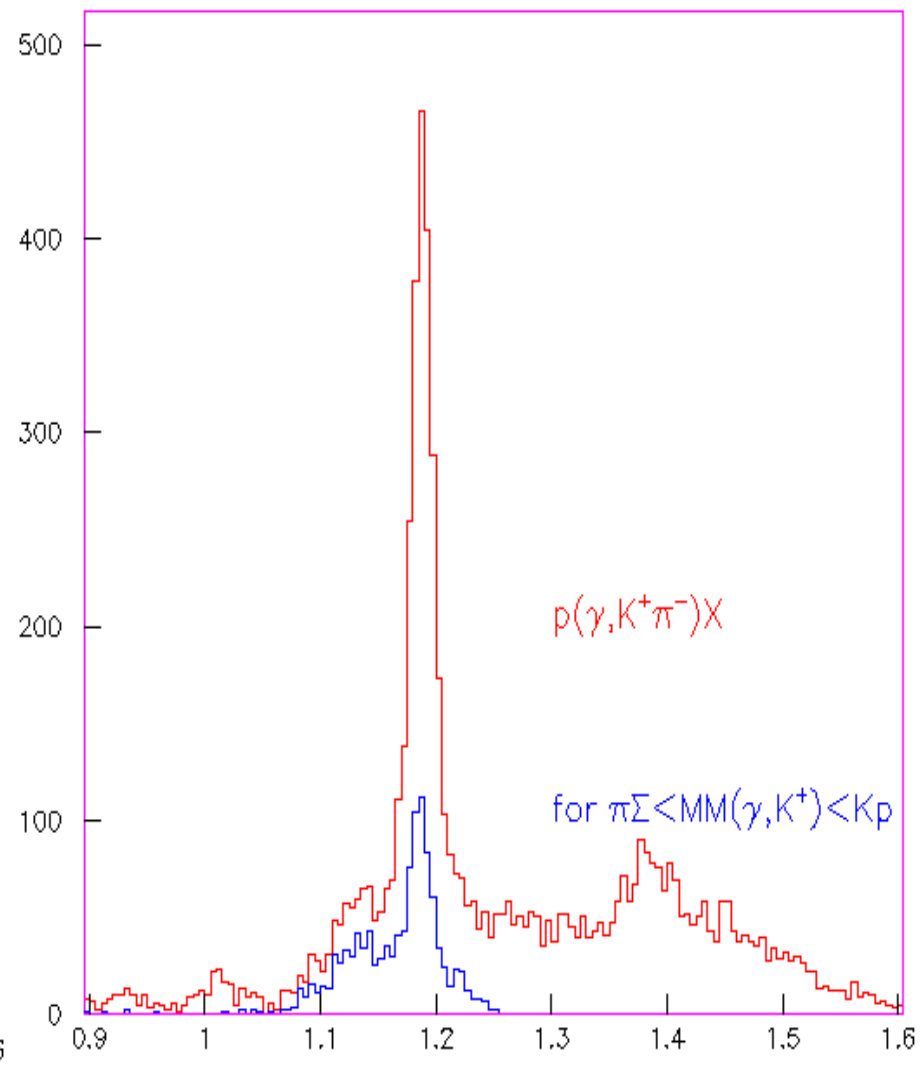
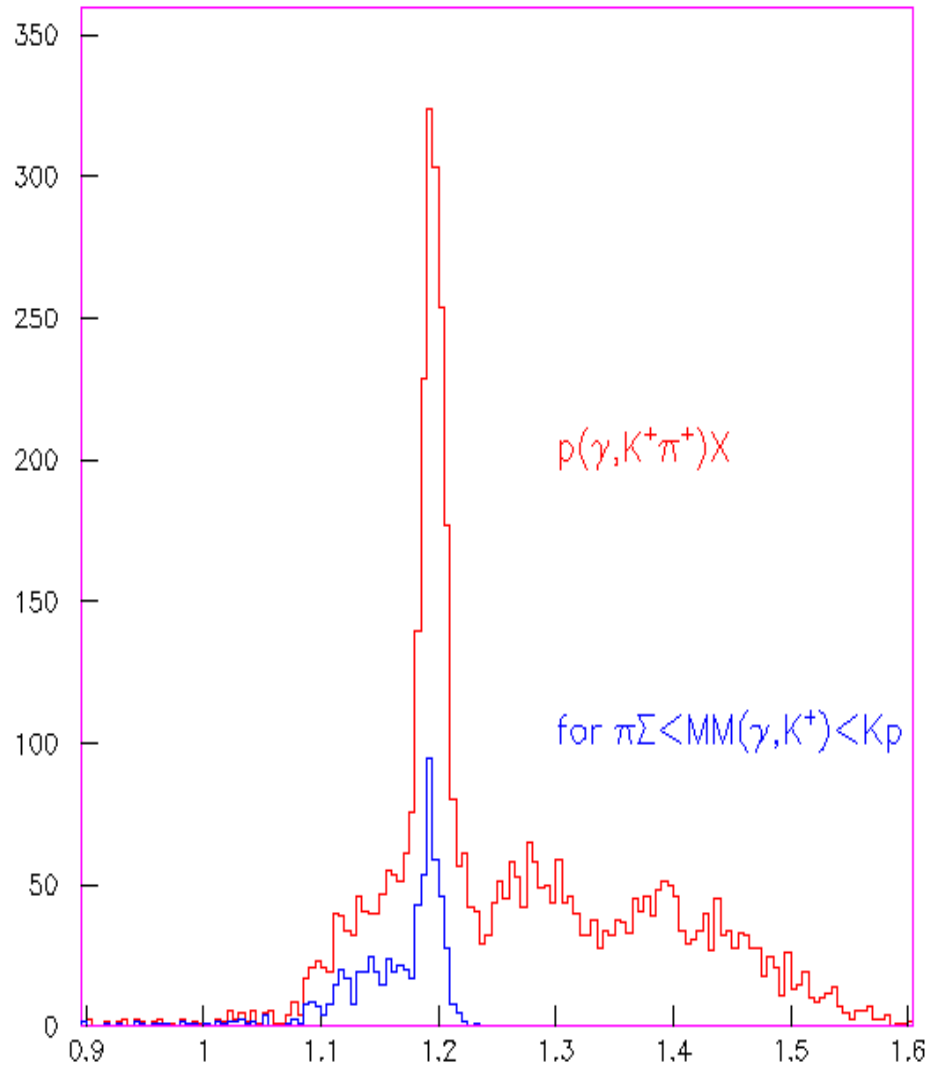
- Equal Acceptance for +ve and -ve particles thank to good performance of the LEPS dipole spectrometer
- The  $\phi(1019)$  reconstruction from  $p(\gamma, K^- p)K^+$  and  $p(\gamma, K^+ p)K^-$







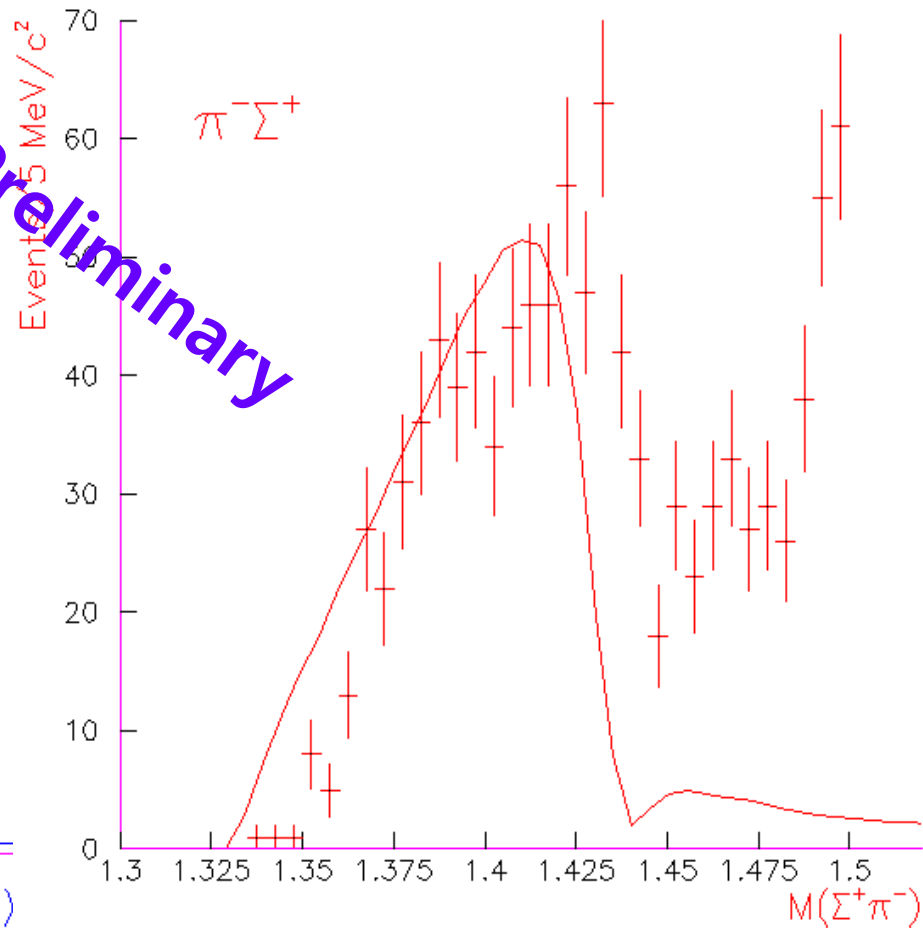
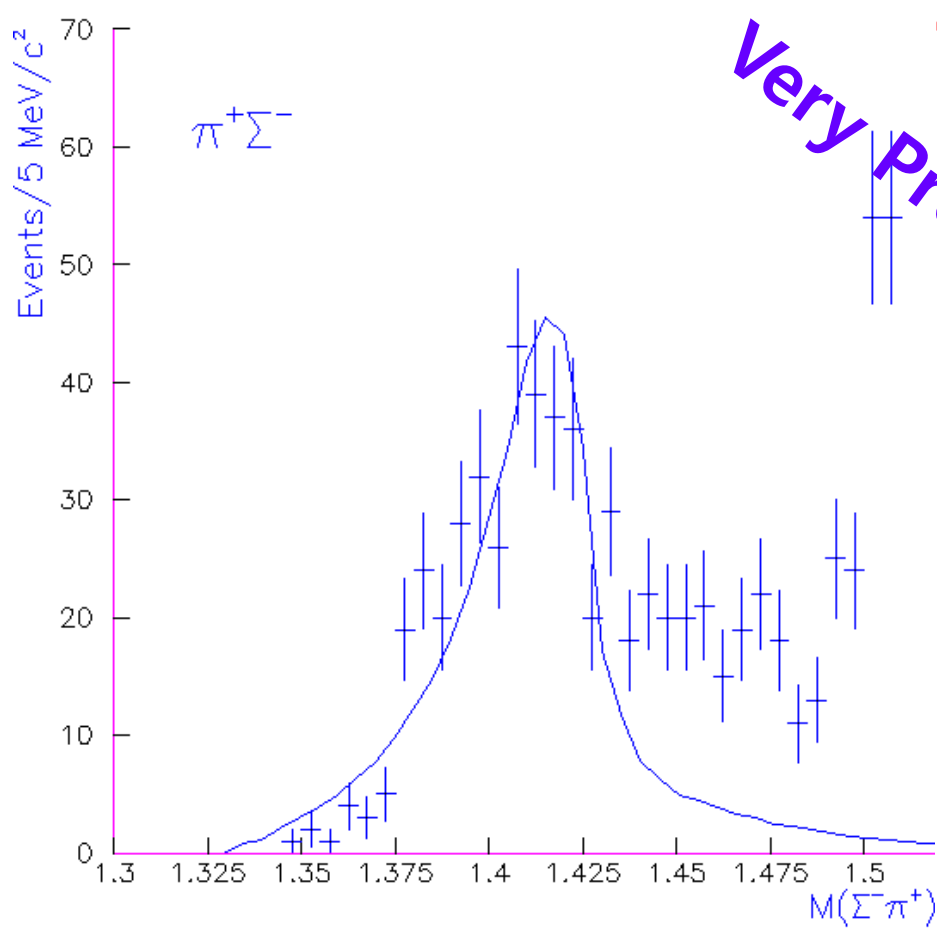




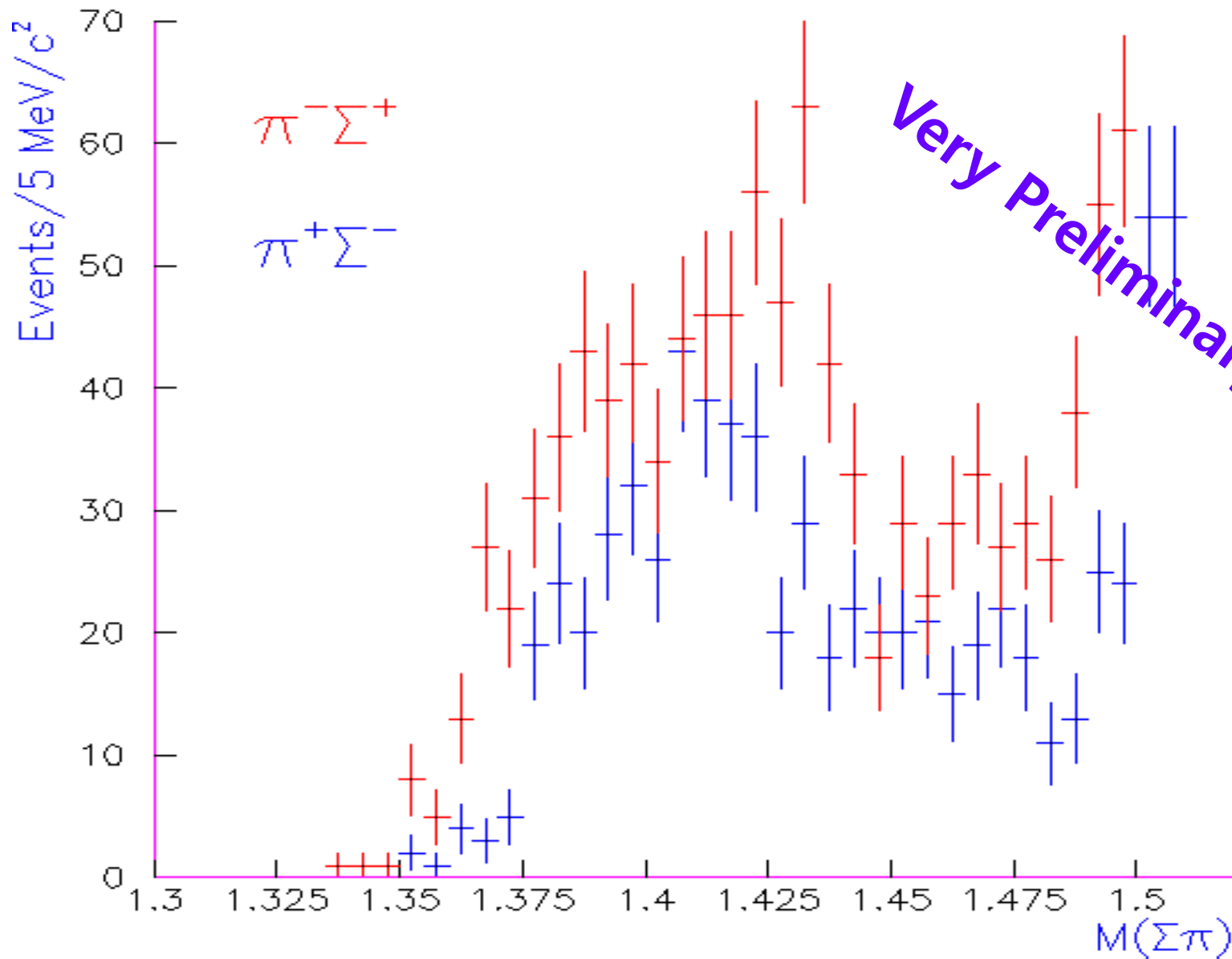


# Lineshapes of the $\Lambda(1405)$ in $\pi^+\Sigma^-$ and $\pi^-\Sigma^+$ Modes

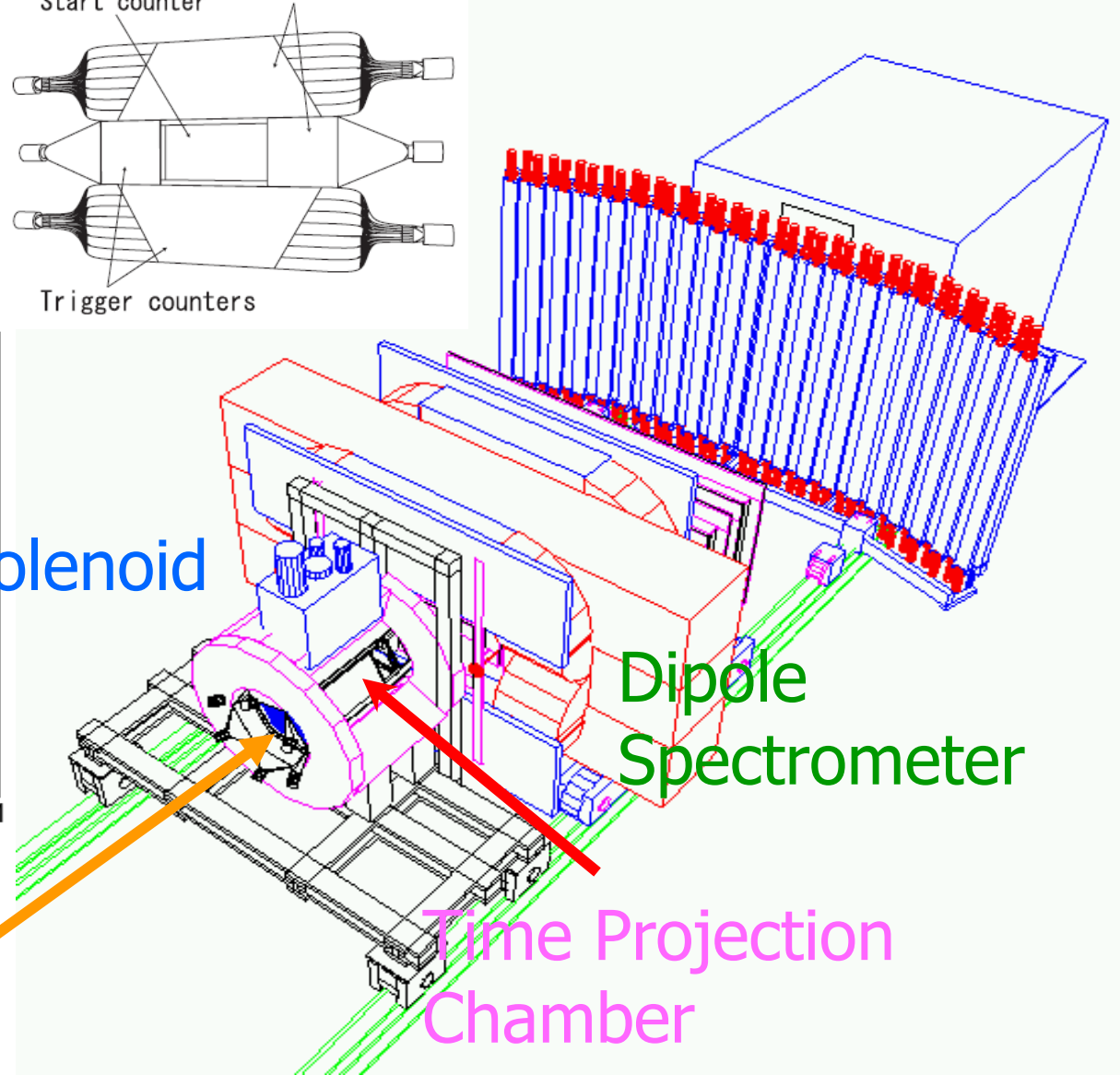
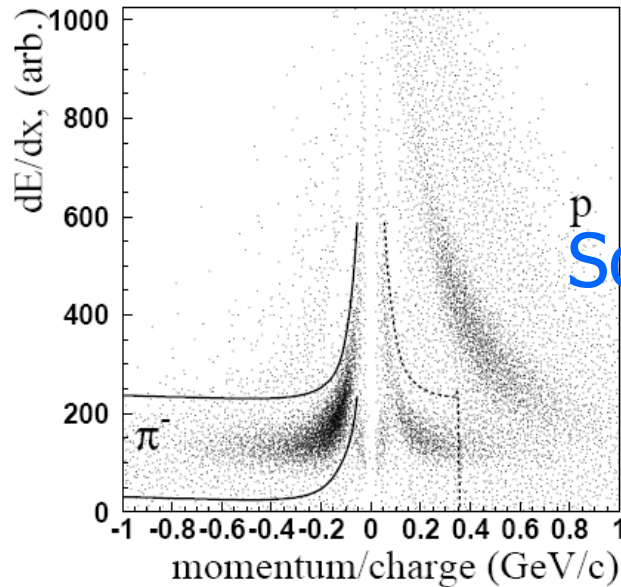
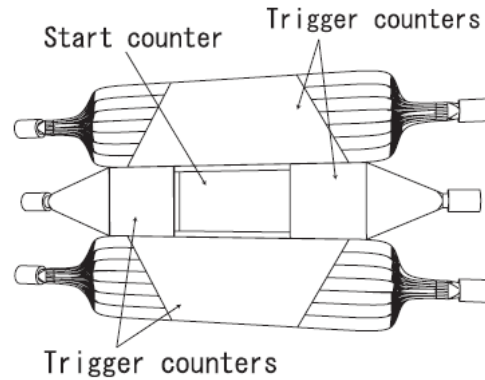
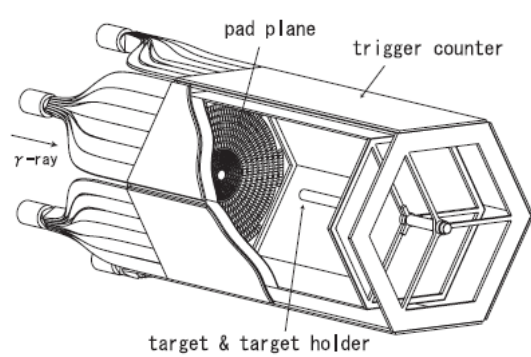
$$\frac{d\sigma(\pi^\pm\Sigma^\mp)}{dM_I} \propto \frac{1}{3}|T^{(0)}|^2 + \frac{1}{2}|T^{(1)}|^2 \pm \frac{2}{\sqrt{6}}\text{Re}(T^{(0)}T^{(1)*})$$

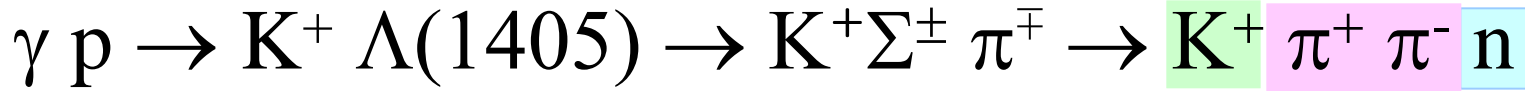


Very Preliminary



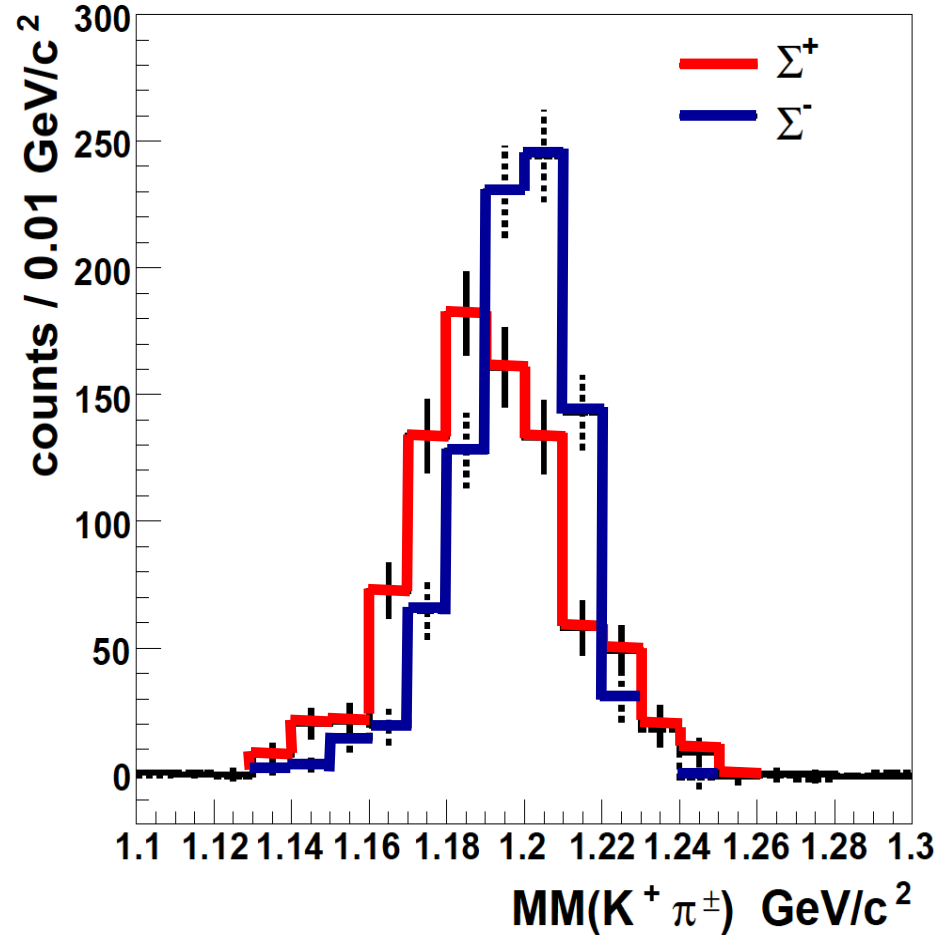
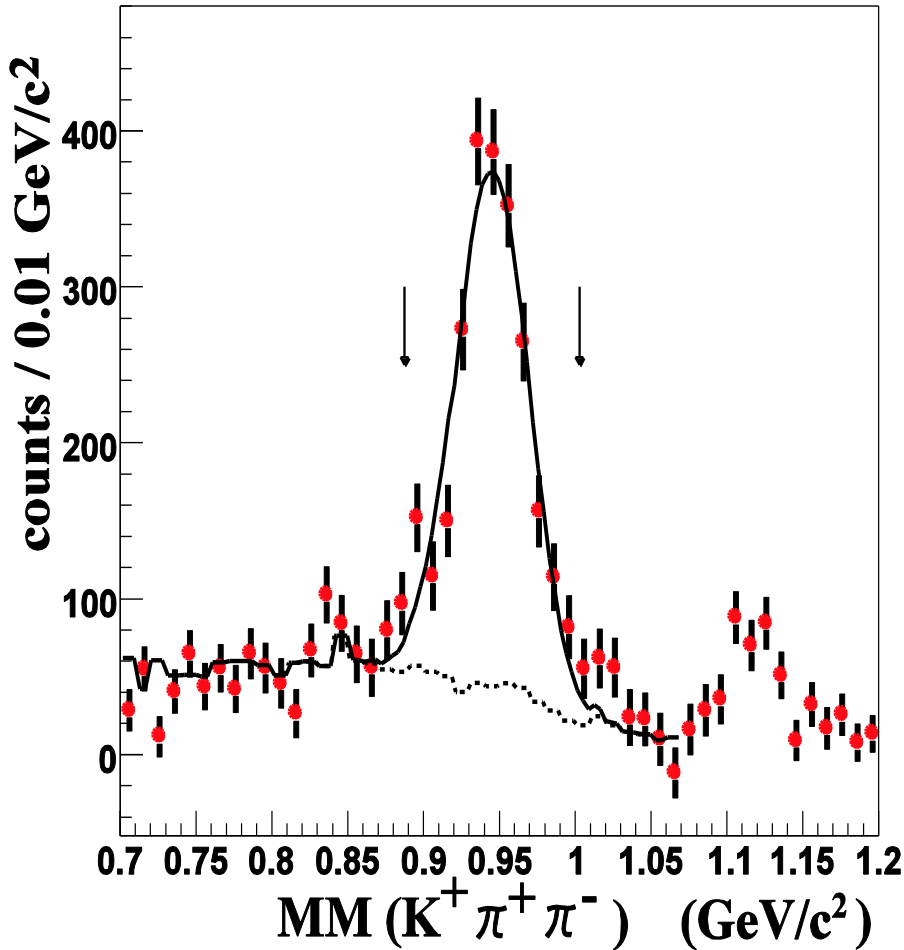
Very Preliminary

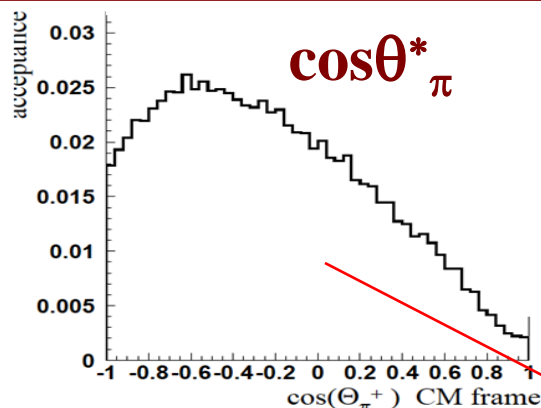




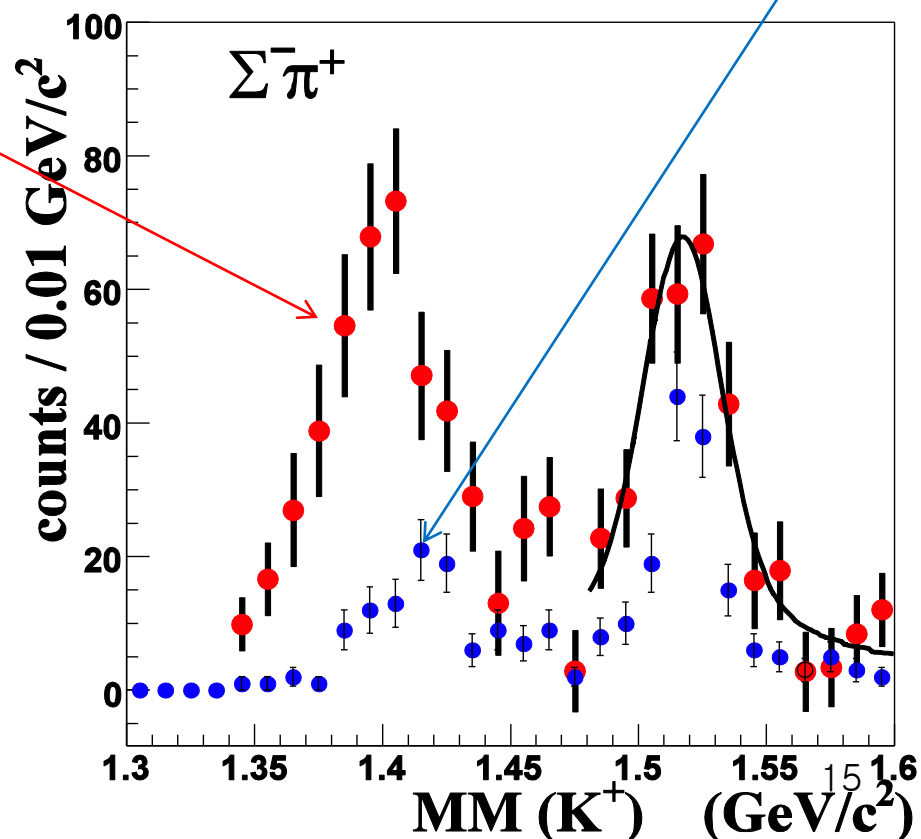
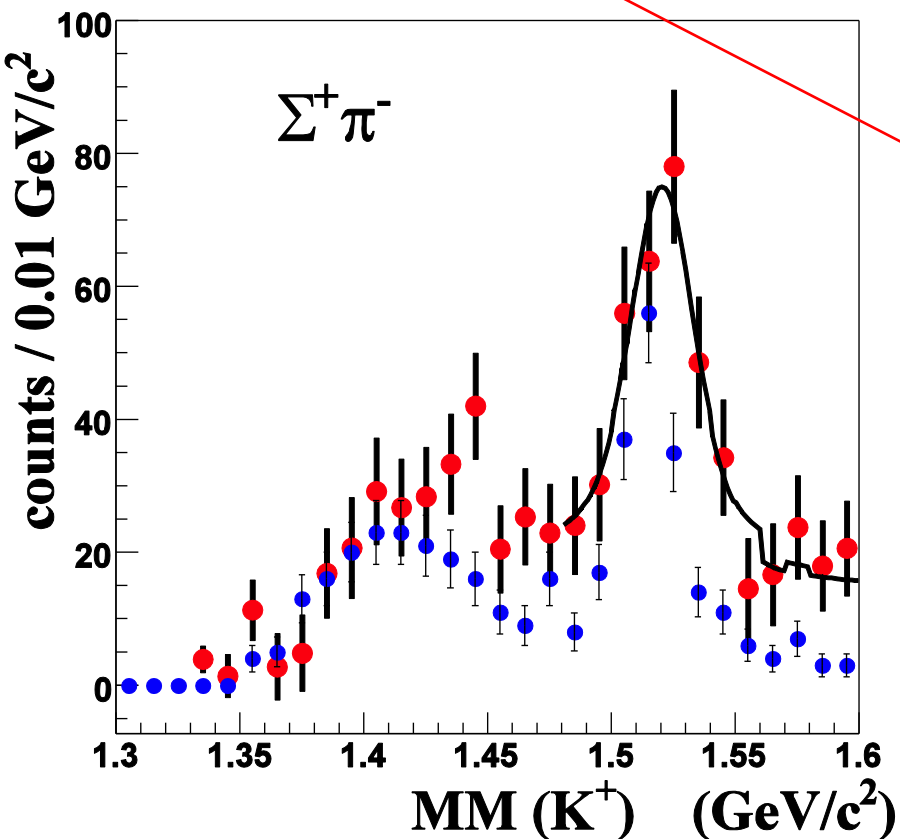
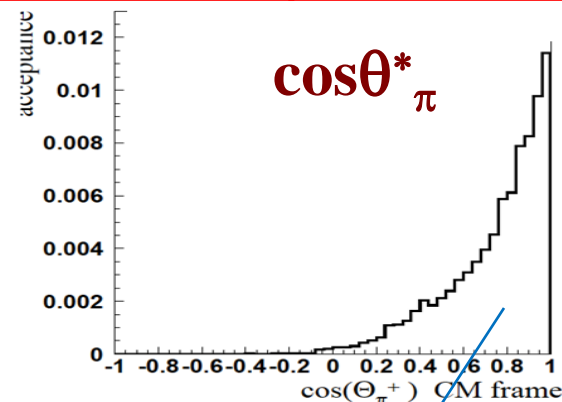
M. Niyama et al. (LEPS Collaboration), PRC 78, 035202 (2008)

Spectrometer TPC



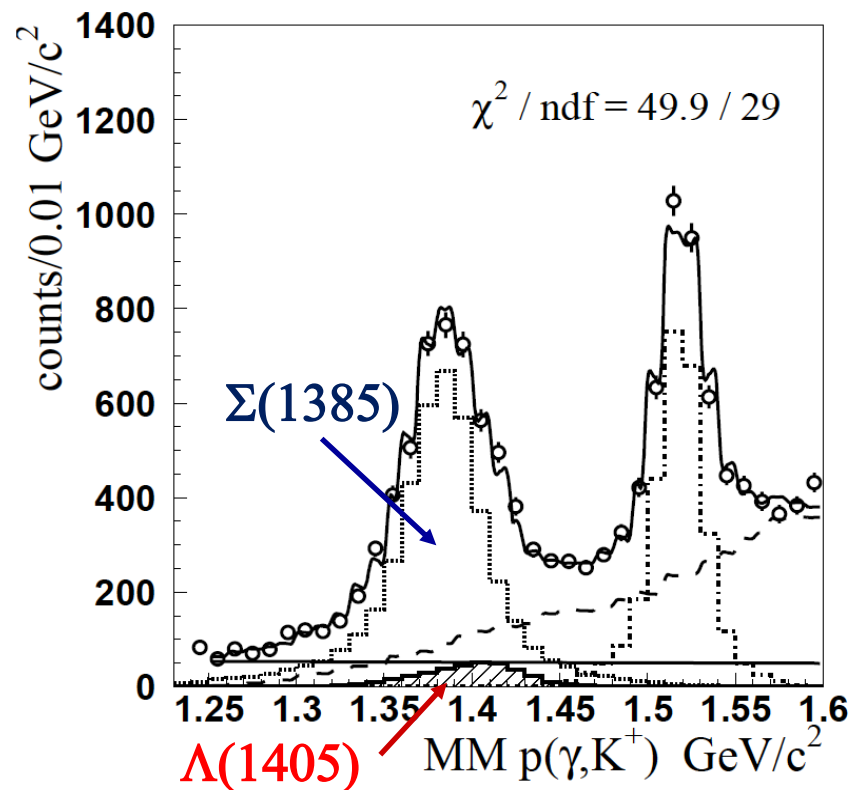
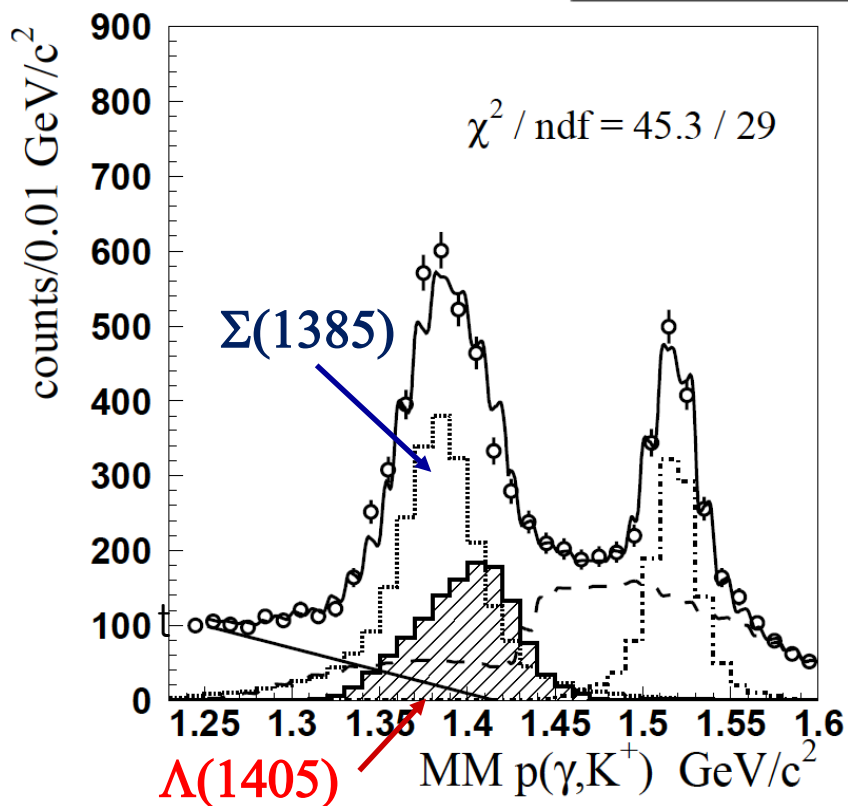


The  $\Lambda(1405)$  Lineshape depends on the decay angles at its rest frame?

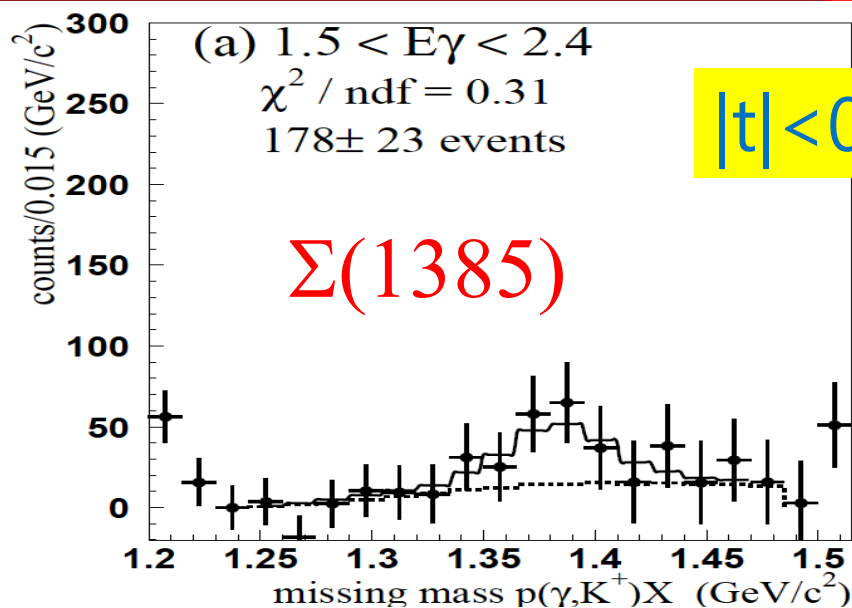


$0.8 < \cos\theta^*_{K^+} < 1.0$

	$1.5 < E_\gamma < 2.0$ GeV	$2.0 < E_\gamma < 2.4$ GeV
	$d\sigma/d(\cos\theta)$ [ $\mu\text{b}$ ]	$d\sigma/d(\cos\theta)$ [ $\mu\text{b}$ ]
$\Lambda^*(1405)$	$0.43 \pm 0.088^{+0.034}_{-0.14}$	$0.072 \pm 0.061^{+0.011}_{-0.0056}$
$\Sigma^{*0}(1385)$	$0.80 \pm 0.092^{+0.062}_{-0.27}$	$0.87 \pm 0.064^{+0.13}_{-0.067}$

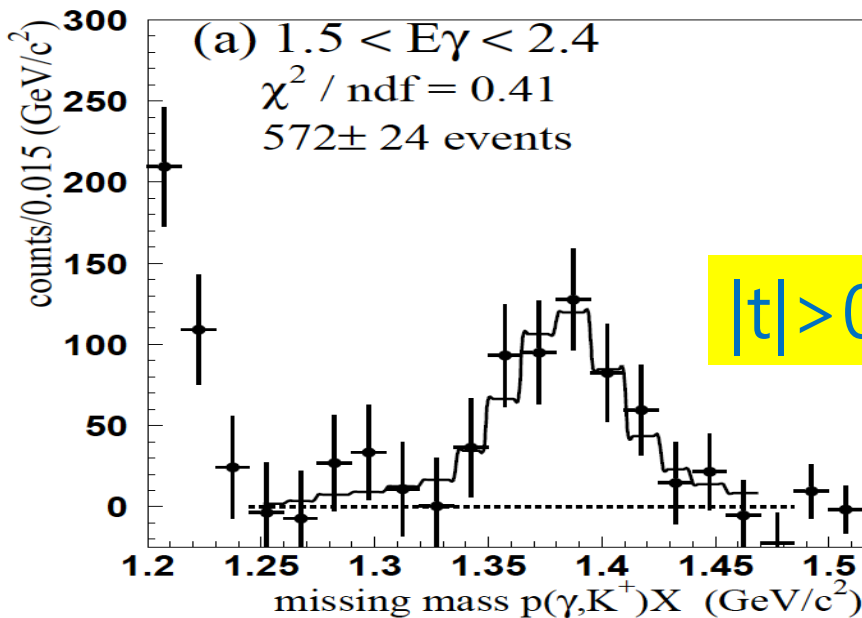
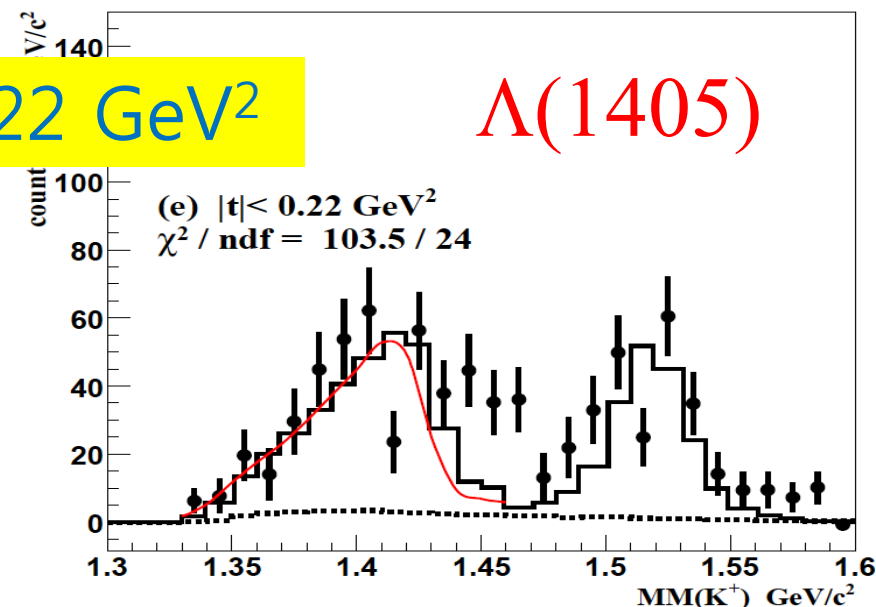




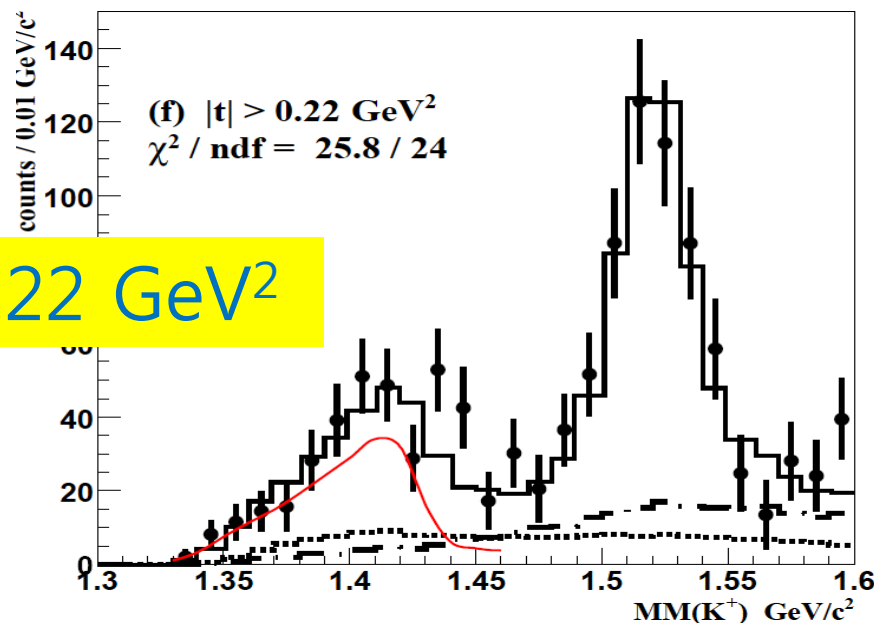


$|t| < 0.22 \text{ GeV}^2$

$\Lambda(1405)$



$|t| > 0.22 \text{ GeV}^2$



- We have observed an isospin interference with charged  $\pi\Sigma$  systems.
- Data from the TPC experiment show different line-shapes of the  $\Lambda(1405)$ , which could be due to a possible angular dependence of the isospin interference with charged  $\pi\Sigma$  systems.
- The  $\Lambda(1405)$  production cross section decreases rapidly as photon energy increases ( $0.43\mu\text{b}$  for 1.5-2.0 GeV and  $0.072\mu\text{b}$  for 2.0-2.4 GeV). New data for 1.5-3.0 GeV are soon available.

Photoproduction of  $\Lambda(1405)$  and  $\Sigma^0(1385)$  on  
the proton at  $E_\gamma = 1.5-3.0\text{GeV}$  at SPring-8/LEPS

Yohei Nakatsugawa RIKEN

