



$$Q_5 = \frac{1}{4\pi^2 g} \int_{S^3} H_{RR}$$

$$Q_1 = \frac{1}{4\pi^2 g} \int_{S^3 \times K^3} e^\phi H_{RR}$$

$$ds^2 = \left(1 + g \frac{Q_5}{r^2}\right)^{-\frac{1}{4}} \left(1 + g \frac{Q_1}{r^2}\right)^{-\frac{3}{4}} \\ \times \left(-dt^2 + dx_5^2 + \left(1 + g \frac{Q_1}{r^2}\right) g_{ij} dx^i dx^j\right)$$

$$x_5 \sim x_5 + 2\pi R \quad + \quad 4 \text{ dim} \quad + \quad \frac{h}{R^2} \frac{g^2}{r^2} (dx_5 + dt)^2$$

$$e^{-2\phi} = \frac{1 + g \frac{Q_5}{r^2}}{1 + g \frac{Q_1}{r^2}} \Rightarrow \frac{Q_5}{Q_1} \quad \text{add}$$

SD S_{eff}

$$F_{\mu\nu}^{(1)} \approx H_{\mu\nu 5}$$

$$F_{\mu\nu}^{(2)} \approx \epsilon_{\mu\nu}^{\alpha\beta\gamma} H_{\alpha\beta\gamma}$$

$$F_{\mu\nu}^{(3)} \approx \partial_\mu g_{\nu 5} - \partial_\nu g_{\mu 5}$$

$$S_5 = \frac{1}{16\pi G_5} \int d^5x \sqrt{-g} \left(R + (F^{(1)})^2 + \dots \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{G_5} = \frac{V^{(5)}}{G_{(10)}} = \frac{2\pi R (2\pi)^4}{G_{(10)}}$$

$$S_{(10)} = \frac{1}{16\pi G_{(10)}} \int d^{10}x \sqrt{-g} (R + \dots)$$

$$ds_{10}^2 = e^{2D} dx^i dx^i + e^{2N} (dx_5 + A_\mu dx^\mu)^2 + e^{-2(2D+N)/3} ds_5^2$$

$$ds_5^2 = -f^{3/2} dt^2 + f^{1/3} (dr^2 + r^2 d\Omega_3^2)$$

$$f \equiv \left(1 + \frac{Q_5}{r^2}\right) \left(1 + \frac{Q_1}{r^2}\right) \left(1 + \frac{Q_5^2}{R^2 r^2}\right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{III} & \sim \left(\frac{Q_5^2}{R^2} + Q_1 + Q_5 \right) \frac{R}{Q^2} \\ & \sim \frac{R}{5} + \frac{Q_1 R}{Q} + \frac{Q_5 R}{Q} \end{aligned}$$

Entropy

$$\text{Area} = 2\pi^2 r_{(3)}^3$$

$$r_{(3)}^2 = \left(g \theta_5 g \theta_1 \frac{g^2 h}{R^2} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$\text{Area} = \frac{2\pi^2 g^2}{R^2} \sqrt{\theta_1 \theta_5 h}$$

$$\frac{1}{G_5} = \frac{2\pi R (2\pi)^4}{G_{(10)}} = \frac{4R}{\pi g^2}$$

$$g^2 \rightarrow g^2 h$$

$$\frac{\text{Area}}{4G_5} = \frac{4R}{\pi g^2} \cdot \frac{2\pi^2 g^2}{4R} \sqrt{\theta_1 \theta_5 h}$$

↓
cancelling
h

$$= 2\pi \sqrt{\theta_1 \theta_5 h}$$

$$g \theta_1, g \theta_5, g^2 \eta$$

$$\theta_5 = 1$$

$$S_{\text{eff}} \sim \sum_{n=1}^{4\theta_1} \int dx_5 dt (d_\alpha X^n d^\alpha X^n)$$

$$X^i(t \pm x_5) = \sum e^{\frac{in}{R}(t \pm x_5)} a_n^\pm + \dots$$

$$c = 4\theta_1 + 2\theta_1 = 6\theta_1$$

$$S_{\text{Cardy}} = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{c}{6} \eta}$$

$$= 2\pi \sqrt{\theta_1 \eta}$$

