

Experience from **HANARO** Reactor Management

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Research Institute

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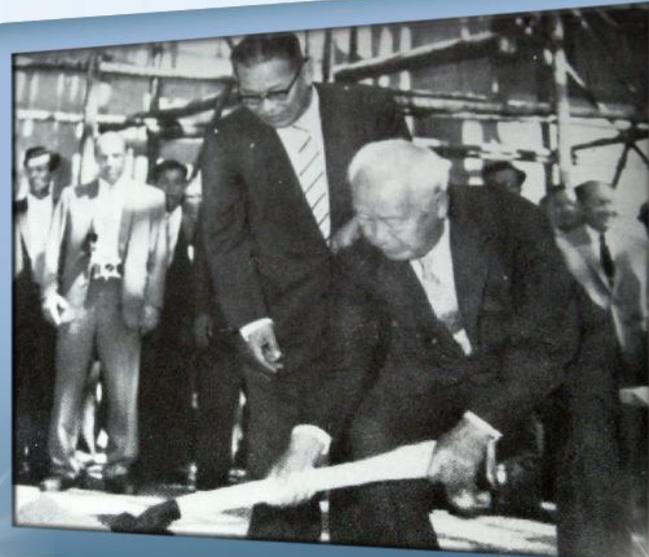
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Introduction to HANARO

Dawning of Nuclear Age in Korea

The 1st Research
Reactor in Korea,
TRIGA Mark II
(100 kW)

The 1st president of Korea in the
ground breaking ceremony
(1959.7.14)



Milestones of Nuclear Program



1962.3.19
KRR-1



1972.3.10
KRR-2



1995.2.8
HANARO



2009.9
FTL



2010
CNS

1960

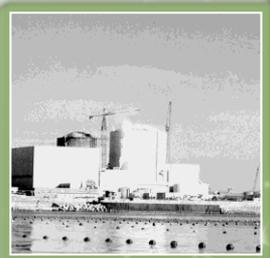
1980

2000

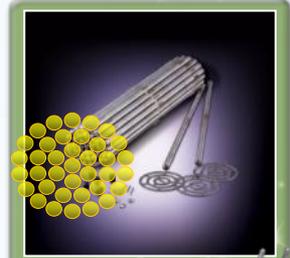
2020



1959.2.3
Establishment of
KAERI



1978.7.20
NPP No.1 Operation



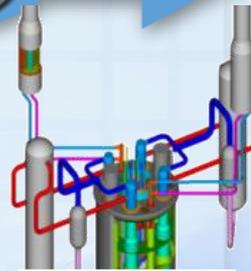
1987
CANDU-6 Fuel



1995.4.19
KSNP Operation



2013
APR1400



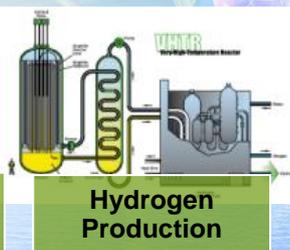
SFR



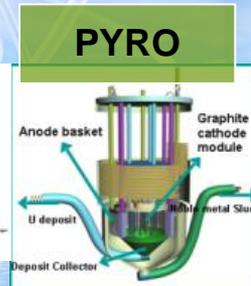
1989
PWR Fuel



2012
SMART DC



Hydrogen
Production



PYRO

HANARO Complex



AE : Auxiliary Equipment Building for CNS
AU : Auxiliary Utility Building for CNS
CNL : Cold Neutron Laboratory
CT : Cooling Tower

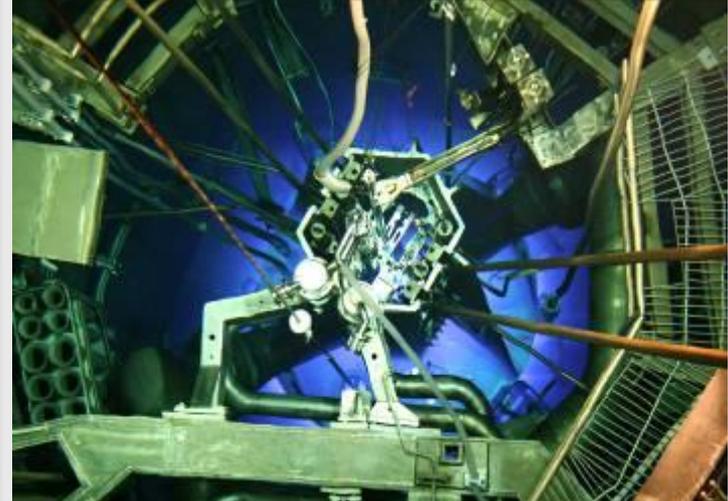
IMEF : Irradiated Material Examination Facility
PH : Pump House for Secondary Cooling System
RX : Reactor Building
RIPF : Radio-Isotope Production Facility

HANARO Reactor



High-flux
Advanced
Neutron
Application
Rea**ct**o**r**

**Multi-purpose Research
Reactor**



Radio-Isotope Production Facility



Bank II (11 Cells)

^{166}Ho , ^{32}P , $^{99\text{m}}\text{Tc}$, ^{51}Cr , HDR ^{192}Ir



Bank III (6 Cells)

^{131}I , ^{125}I



Bank I [4 Cells]

^{60}Co , ^{192}Ir , ^{169}Yb

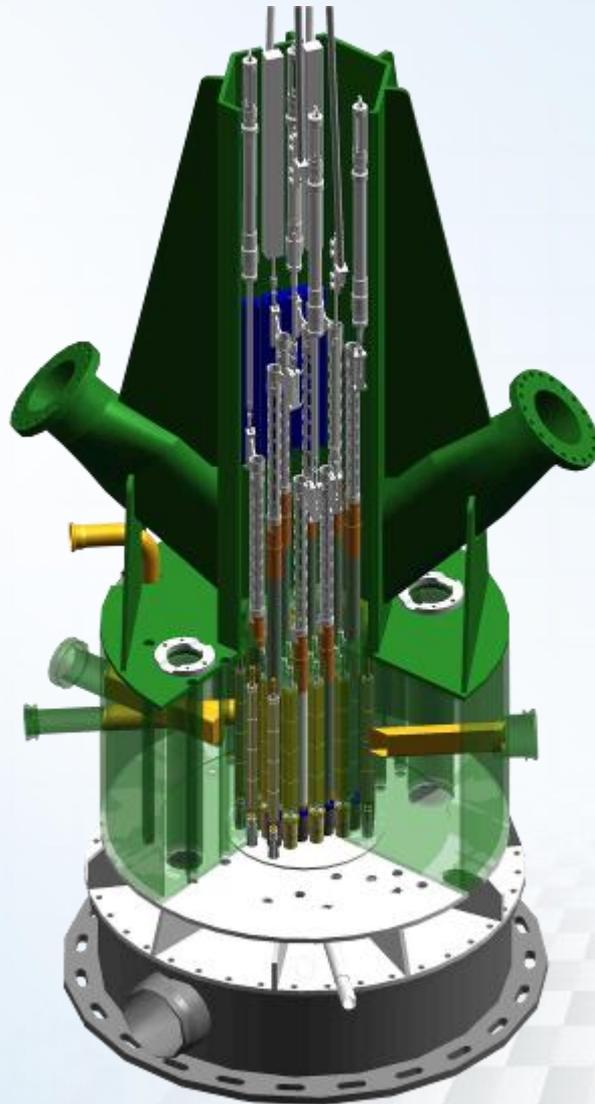


Bank IV (4 Cells)

$^{99}\text{Mo}/^{99\text{m}}\text{Tc}$ Generator



Preparation Room for Cold Kits



Features

- Type Open-tank-in-pool
- Power 30 MW_{th}
- Coolant Light water
- Reflector Heavy water
- Fuel materials U₃Si, 19.75% enriched
- Absorber Hafnium
- Reactor building Confinement
- Max thermal flux 5x10¹⁴ n/cm²s
- Typical flux at port nose
2x10¹⁴ n/cm²s
- 7 horizontal ports & 36 vertical holes
- Vertical hole for cold neutron source
- Operation cycle 24 days@5 weeks

Chronology of HANARO

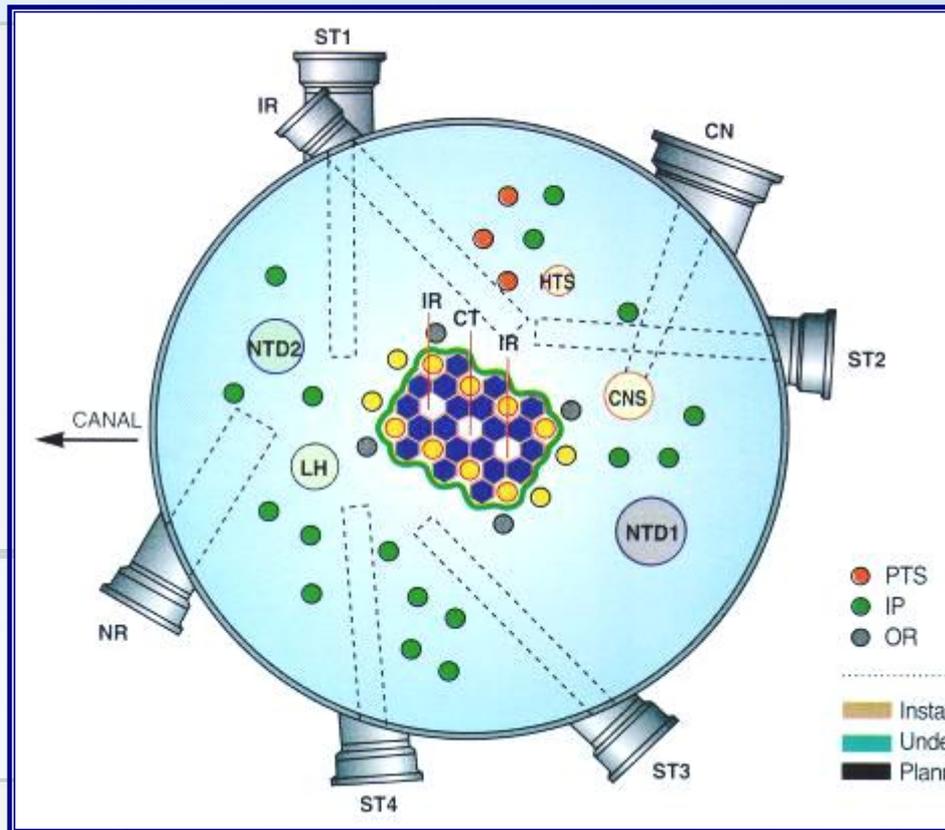
- 1985 JAN [Start of HANARO Project](#)
- 1989 JAN Start of HANARO Construction
- 1993 AUG Installation of HANARO Reactor Structure
- 1995 FEB [Fuel Loading and Achievement of Initial Criticality](#)
- 1996 JAN 15MW Power Operation
- 1999 DEC 22MW Power Operation
- 2004 NOV [30MW \(Design Power\) Power Operation started](#)
- 2005 MAR [First Loading of HANARO Fuel made by KAERI](#)
- 2006 APR Start of Cold Neutron Laboratory Construction
(Completed in May 2008)
- 2006 JUL Start of Fuel Test Loop Installation (Completed in Feb. 2008)
- 2008 MAY Start of Cold Neutron Source System Installation
- 2009 SEP 3 [First Generation of Cold Neutron](#)
- 2009 SEP 28 [Completion of FTL Commissioning Test](#)
- 2009 DEC 4 [Selected as the most favorable bidder for JNRR project](#)

Status of Experimental Facilities

Vertical Holes

Installed

- IR1: Fuel Test Loop
- CT, IR2: Capsule irradiation & RI production
- OR : Capsule irradiation & RI production
- IP : RI production
- HTS : Hydraulic Transfer System for RI production
- PTS : Pneumatic Transfer System for neutron activation analysis
- NTD : Neutron Transmutation Doping of Silicon
- CNS : Cold Source Installation



Horizontal Tubes

Installed

- ST2 : High Resolution Powder Diffractometer, Four Circle Diffractometer
- NR : Neutron Radiography Facility
- CN : Cold Neutron Guide
- IR : Ex-core Neutron-irradiation Facility for BNCT & DNR
- ST1 : PGAA and RSI
- ST3 : Vertical Reflectometer

- ST3 : Horizontal Reflectometer
- ST3 : High Intensity Powder Diffractometer

Under-development

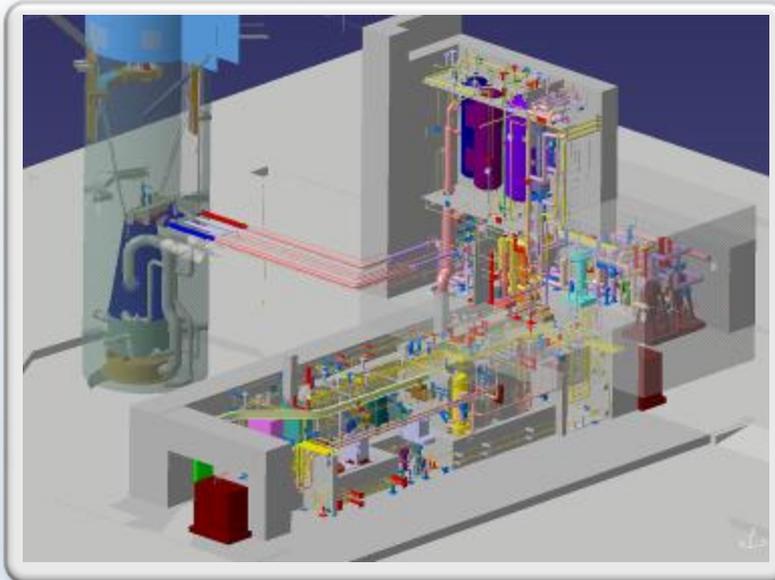
- ST4 : Triple Axis Spectrometer

Fuel Test Loop Facility

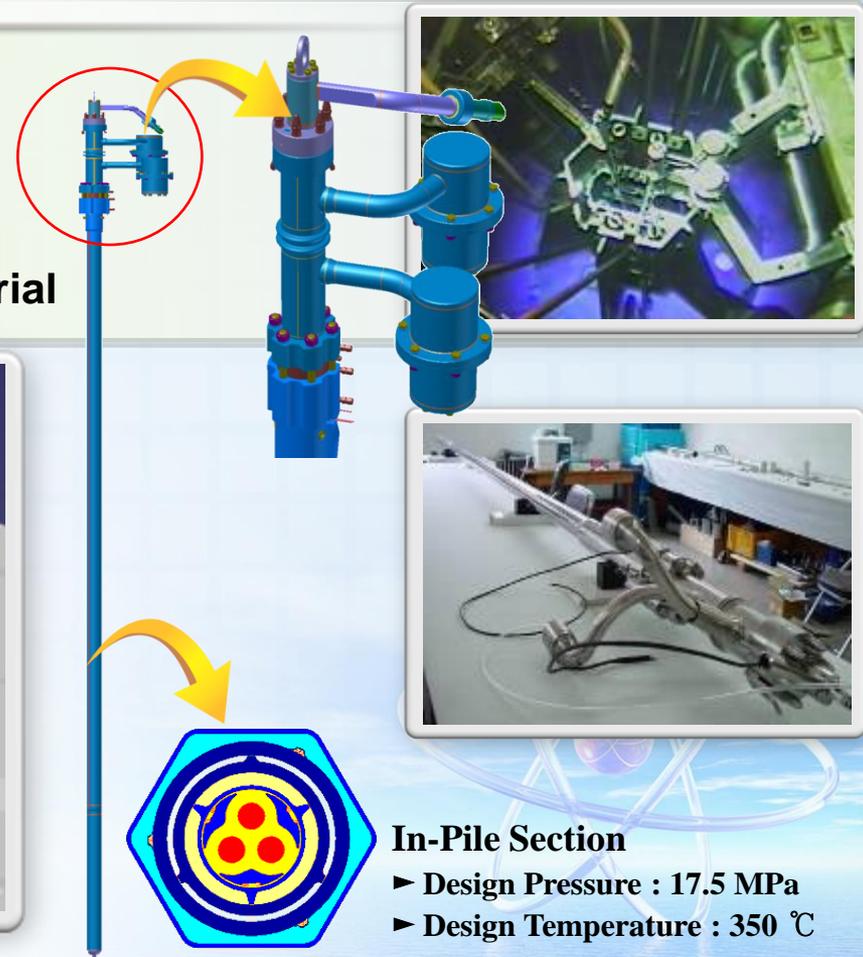
■ **Commissioning test : ~ Sept. 2009**

■ **Applications**

- Integral Fuel Irradiation Tests
- Fuel Qualification Tests
- High Burn-up Fuel Tests
- Water Chemistry and Corrosion Tests
- Non-fissile Tests of Pressure Tube Material



Out-Pile System



In-Pile Section

- ▶ Design Pressure : 17.5 MPa
- ▶ Design Temperature : 350 °C

Cold Neutron Research Facility

completed

conducting

▪ CNL completed (08.11.27)

- Hydrogen system
- Vacuum system
- He Refrigerator
- Gas blanket system

12m SANS

DC-TOF

Bio-REF

HRSANS

40m SANS

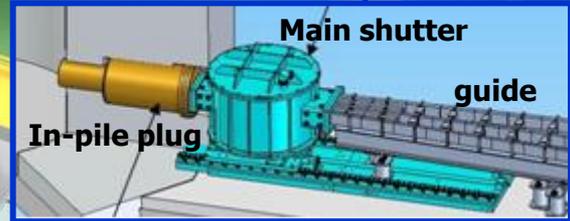
Cold TAS

REF-V

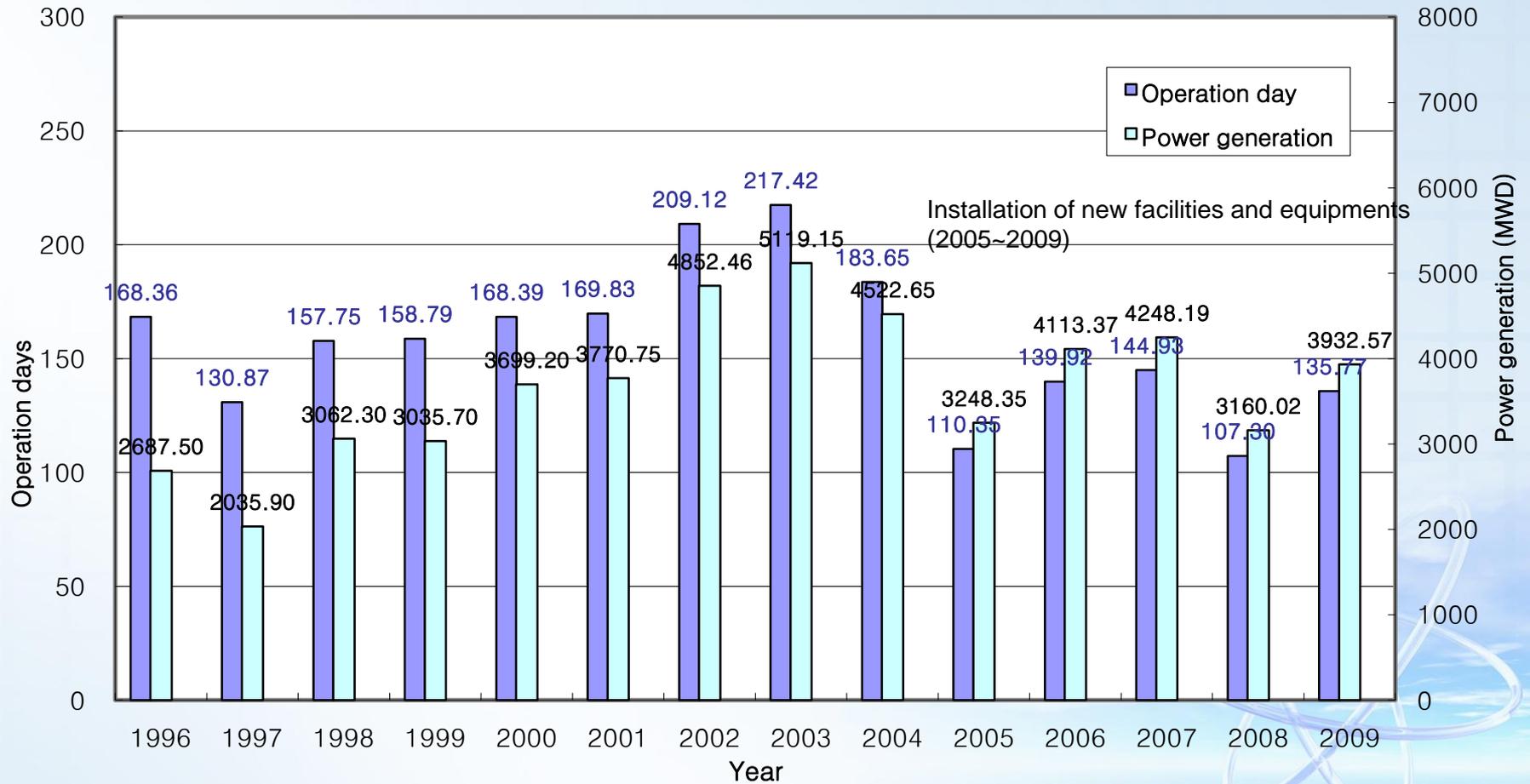
CNS equipment room

▪ Guide shield

- Cooling system
- He compressor



Reactor Operation Record





Unique Experiences

Dynamic change

Dynamic Change

- Continuous support from government



Feb.,
1995



Oct.,
2009

Reactor Hall, 2010

In-service
Under way



NR Port

Neutron Radiography Facility (NRF), 1997 Upgrade

ST4 Port

Triple Axis Spectrometer (TAS), 2010

**Neutron Reflectometer (REF-V), 2006
Currently dismantled**

Bio-Diffractometer (Bio-D), 2010

**Neutron Reflectometer, (REF-H), 2008
Currently dismantled**

ST3 Port

High Intensity Powder Diff. (HIPD), 2008

ST2 Port

Four Circle Diffractometer (FCD), 1999 Upgrade '05-'06

IR Port

Ex-Core Neutron Irradiation Facility (ENF), 2005

ST1 Port

Prompt Gamma Neutron Activation Analysis (PGAA), 2003

Residual Stress Instrument (RSI), 2003

CN Port

**Small Angle Neutron Scattering (SANS), 2001
Currently dismantled**

Cold Neutron Guide, 2009

Experienced and devoted people

■ Engineers

- Experiences in design/construction/commissioning/operation
- Combination of experiences from industries and new ideas

■ Contribution of TRIGA experiences

- Nuclear commissioning
- Establishment operation technology
- Beam instrument development
- RI technology development

■ Devoted technicians

- New staff, TRIGA staff, staff from fuel conversion facilities
- Participation from the end of construction phase
- Many of them having shift work experience for more than 20 years

Technology share

■ Research Reactor Operator Training

- 2000 Training of Taiwan RR project commissioning team
- 2004 Training of CARR(China) operators

■ Fuel Technology

- Export of U-Mo powders
- Export of U foil

■ Reactor System Technology

- 2009 Upgrade of GRR(5MW, Greece) primary cooling system
- 2009 Consultation on the upgrade of I&C for TRR-1(2MW, Thailand)
- 2009 Selected to supply JRTR (5MW, Jordan)

■ Utilization Technology

- PSD(Neutron detector) for JRR-3M(20 MW, Japan)
- Tc-99m abstraction system using solvent
- I-131 distillation system, I-131 distribution system(capsule, solution)
- Ir-192 irradiator assembling equipment
- Neutron transmutation doping service

Establishment of user community

■ HANARO Steering Committee

- Major function : To recommend the main stream of the utilization and facility operation
- Members from user group, government, experts and KAERI
- Two meetings every year

■ Committee of User Representatives

- Major function : discussion on the user interest and recommendations to be discussed at the steering committee
- Members : representatives from neutron beam, RI research, irradiation research and NAA

■ User Groups

- Groups for the exchange of experience and idea

■ HANARO Symposium

- Forum for users, operators and engineers held every year



For Better Return

Importance of Strategic Plan

● Contents of Strategic Plan

- Identification of national demand
- Investment plan for the facilities
- Utilization plan

● The preparation of strategic plan should start from the stage of feasibility study on the introduction of a new research facility

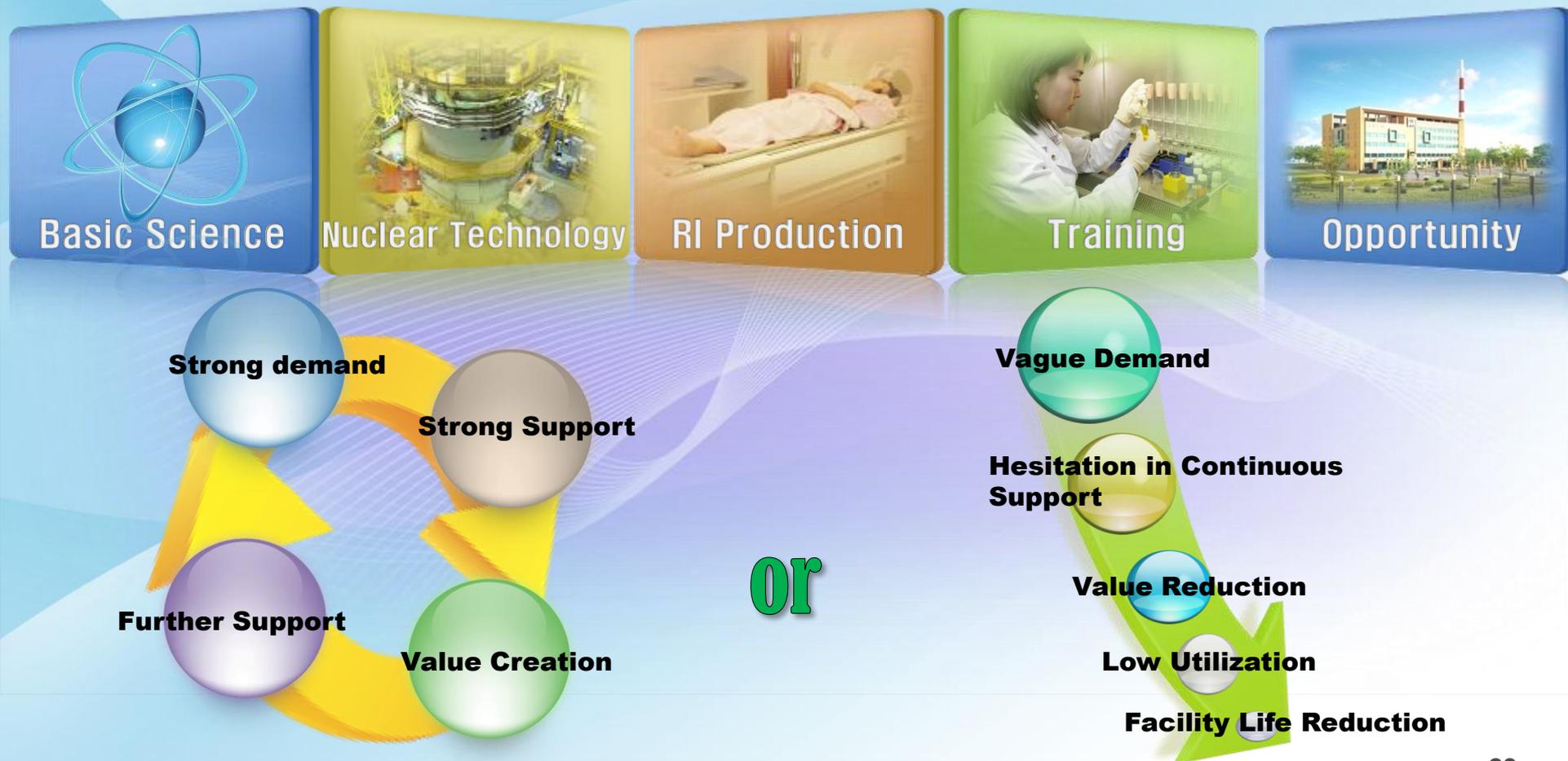
● HANARO

- 1990 : A Utilization of the KMRR
- 1998 : Review and recommendation for the maximum utilization and reasonable management of the HANARO reactor
- 2008 : Strategic plan for BNS&T department of KAERI



For Better Return

Value Chain of a Research Reactor



International Cooperation

- **Mutual visits**
(CARR, JRR3-M, JMTR, OPAL, HFIR, RRs in CEA,)
- **Invitation of experts**
- **Regional Cooperation (FNCA, RCA)**
- **Sabbatical stay in other RR Institute**
- **HANARO Symposium**
 - Official **international symposium** for 2005 and **2010**

For Better Return



The Asia-Oceania Neutron Scattering Association was officially formed on August 28th, 2008

Members

- Korean Neutron Beam Users Association
- Japanese Society of Neutron Science
- Australian Neutron Beam Users Group
- Indian Neutron Scattering Society
- Taiwan Neutron Science Society

Observers

- China
- India
- Indonesia
- Malaysia
- Singapore

Turn-over of responsibility and documentation

- Turn-over may occur between the following activities
 - Planning
 - Construction
 - Commissioning
 - Operation and Utilization
- Preparation of turn-over documentation
 - The turn-over should be conducted by following a established document.
- Commissioning
 - The procedures, findings and field changes should be well-documented.

Ageing Management

- Establishment ageing management plan for facilities
 - Upgrade, overhaul and replacement
 - The potential impact on the safety and reliability should be identified.
 - Experienced in-house engineers should be secured.
- Man Ageing
 - Stimulate the staff to establish their vision in carrier
 - Make the experienced people be harmonized with the new comers
- Users
 - Request the improvement in proposal and outcome

Others

- Establishment of safety management system
 - The facility manager should respect the messages from the safety officer.
 - Integrated safety management : Radiation safety, environmental safety, quality management and health
 - Safety culture : Establishment of safety policy, procedures, share of good/bad experiences

- Fostering of local manufactures
 - Help the establishment of component design capability and QA

- Public Acceptance
 - Single contact
 - Adoption of IT techniques for flexible exhibition system

Others

- Adoption of electronic procedures
 - On-line guide for operation
 - Management of spare parts
 - Expert system may be adopted later.

- Adoption of IT based management system
 - Management of documents, operation and maintenance
 - Knowledge management tool

- Adoption of user home page
 - Upload of beam time proposal, project proposal
 - Notice of beam time allocation
 - Upload of user achievement

Thank You!



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