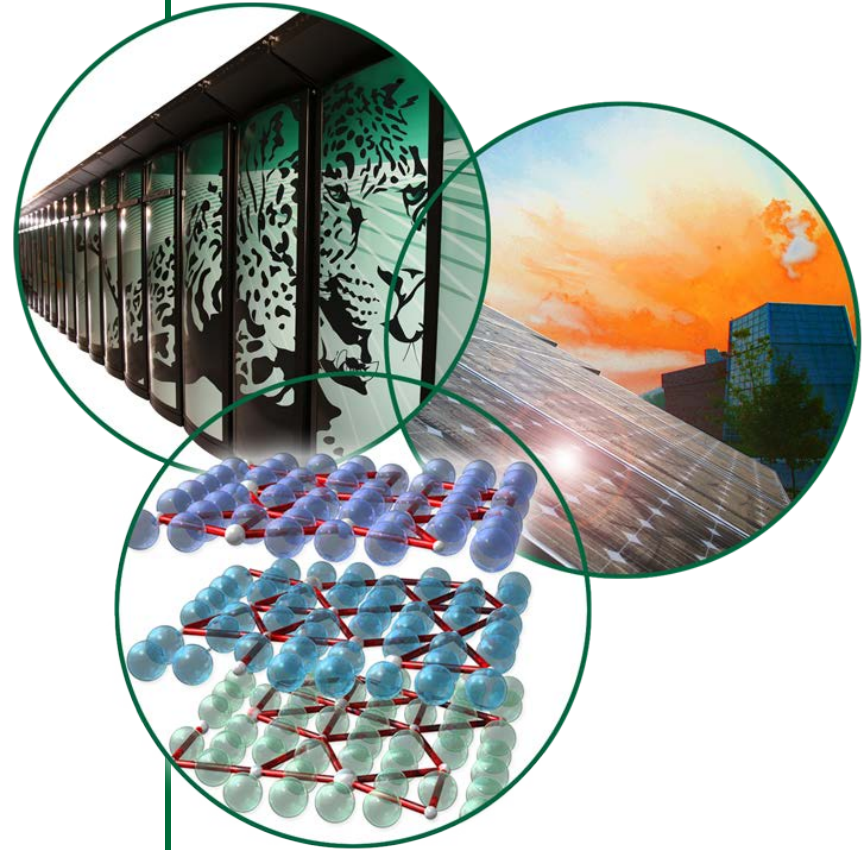


Modeling SNS Availability Using BlockSim

Geoffrey Milanovich

Spallation Neutron Source



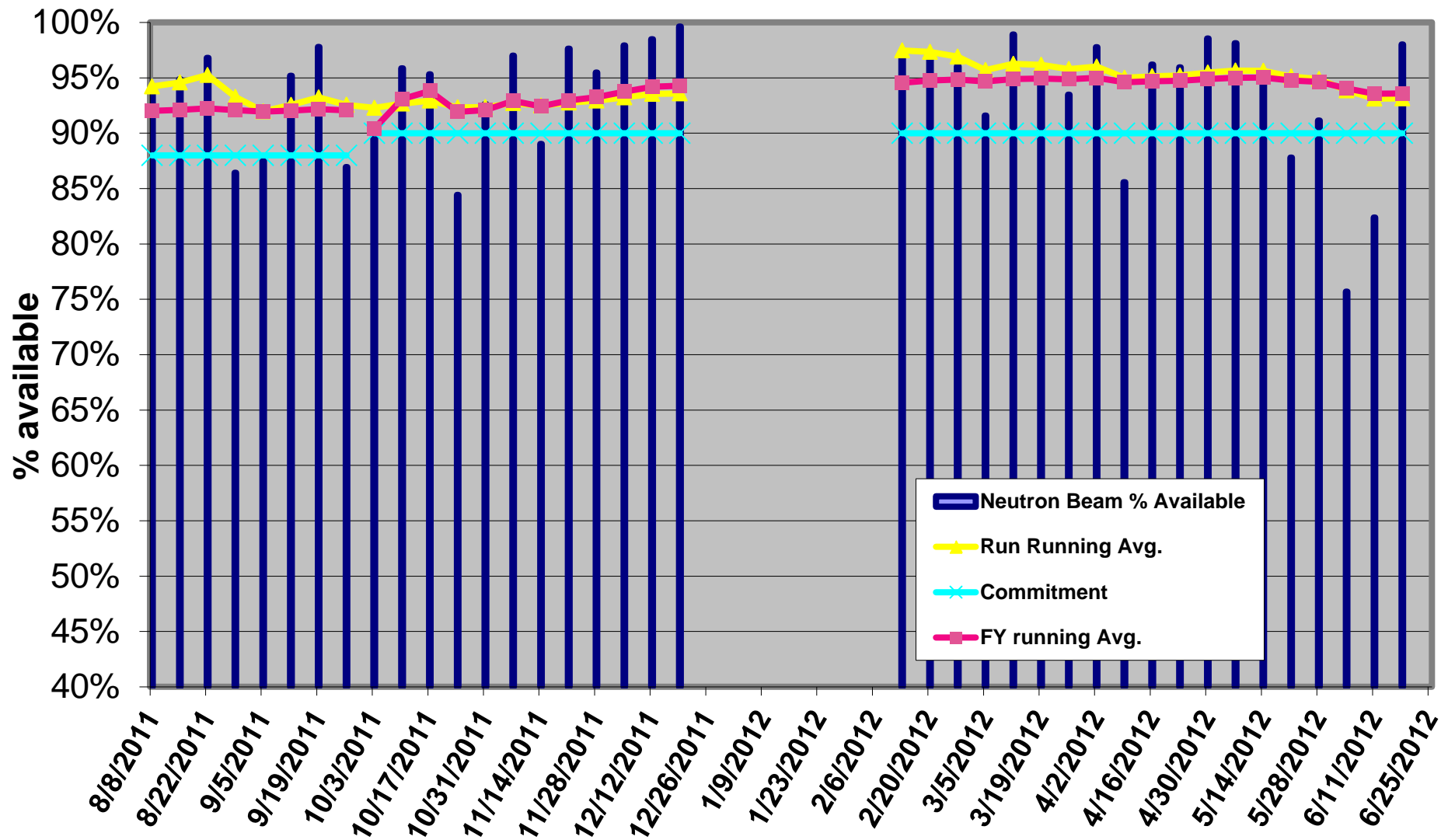
Contributors

- G. Dodson for providing initial reliability study and discussion
- Vivian Chang (summer student from Carnegie Mellon) for building much of the accelerator reliability block diagram

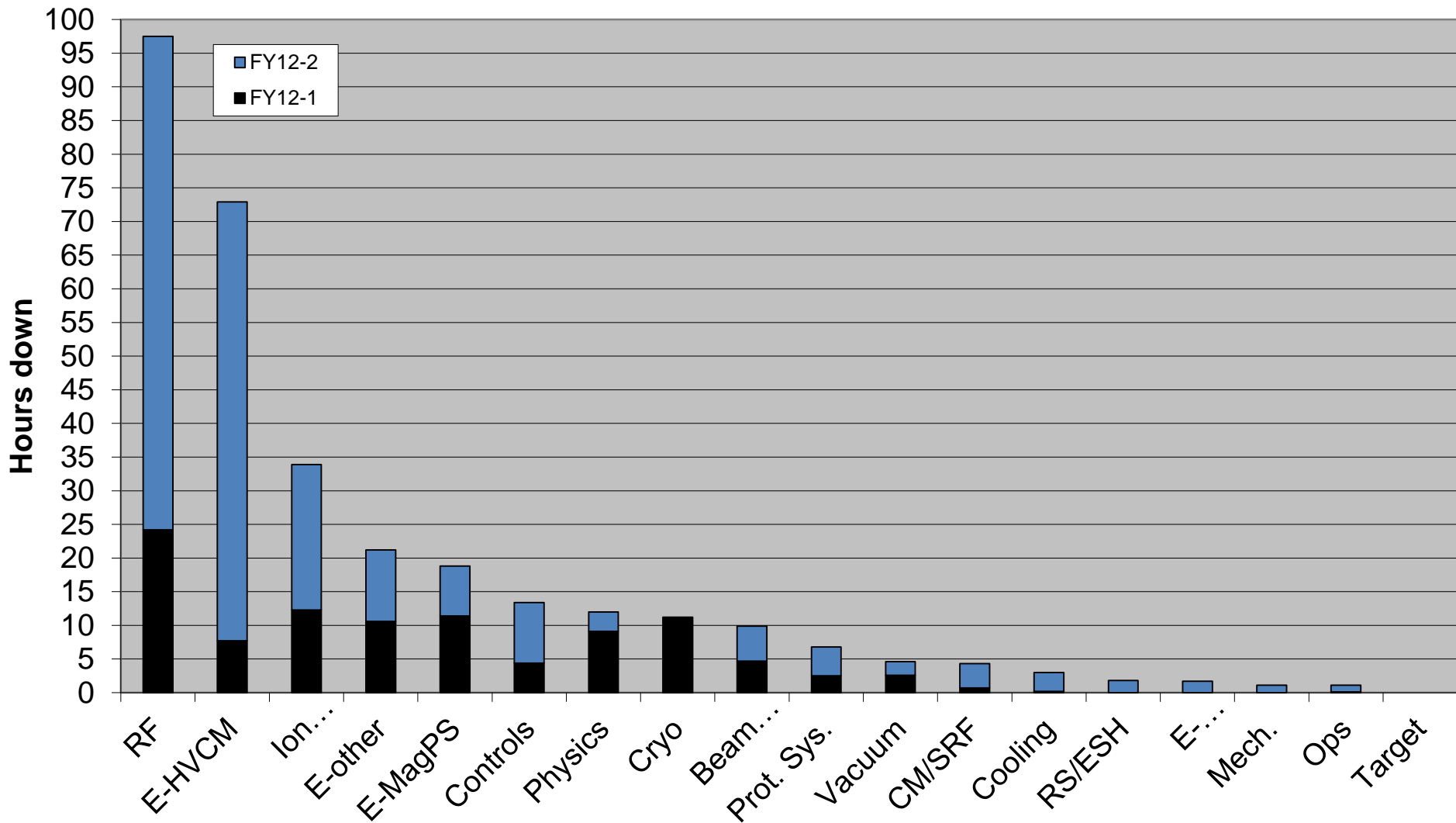
Outline

- SNS Availability Numbers
- Modeling an Entire Accelerator in BlockSim
- Modeling Klystron End of Life Behavior

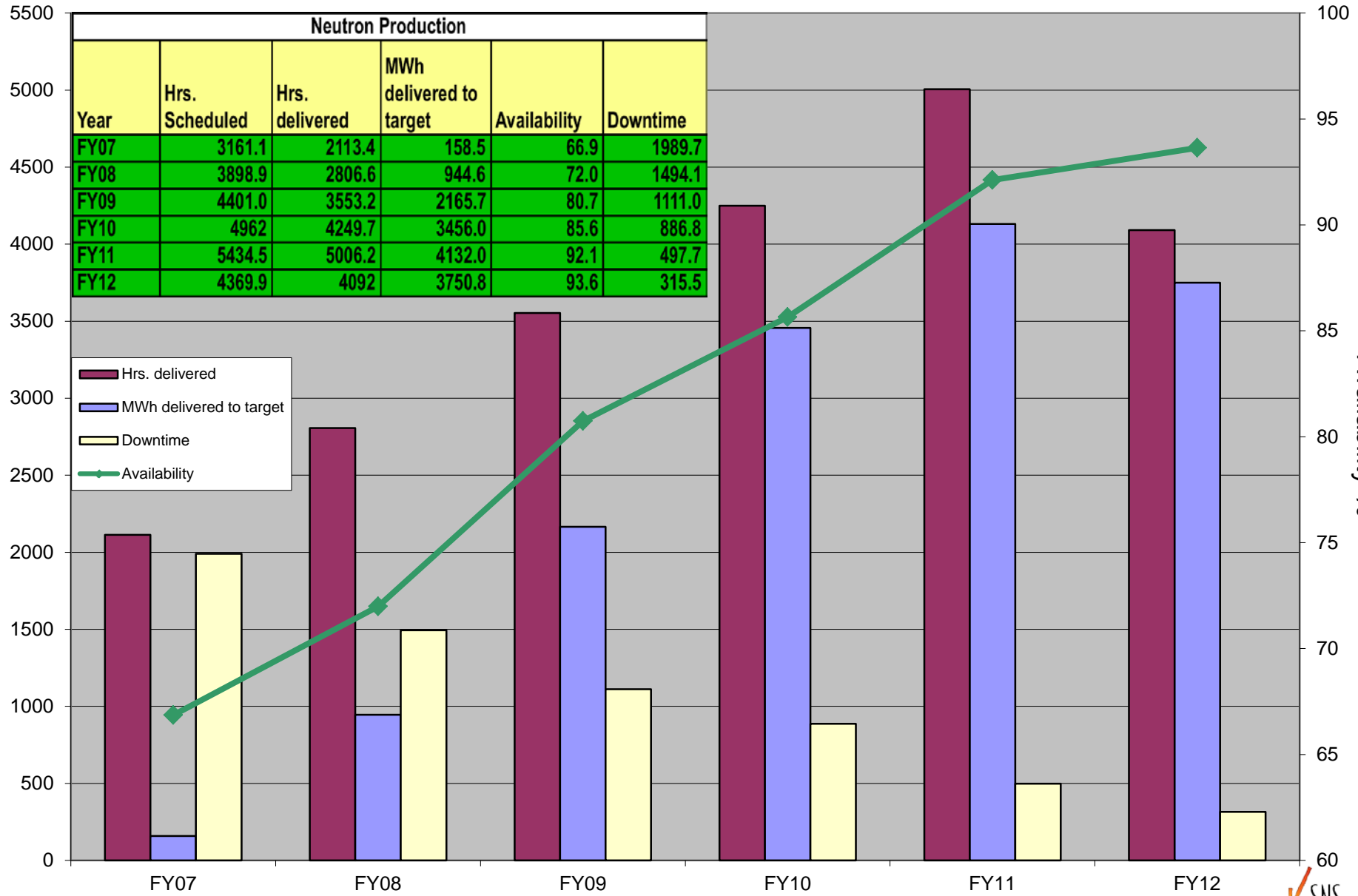
Availability for Last 2 Runs



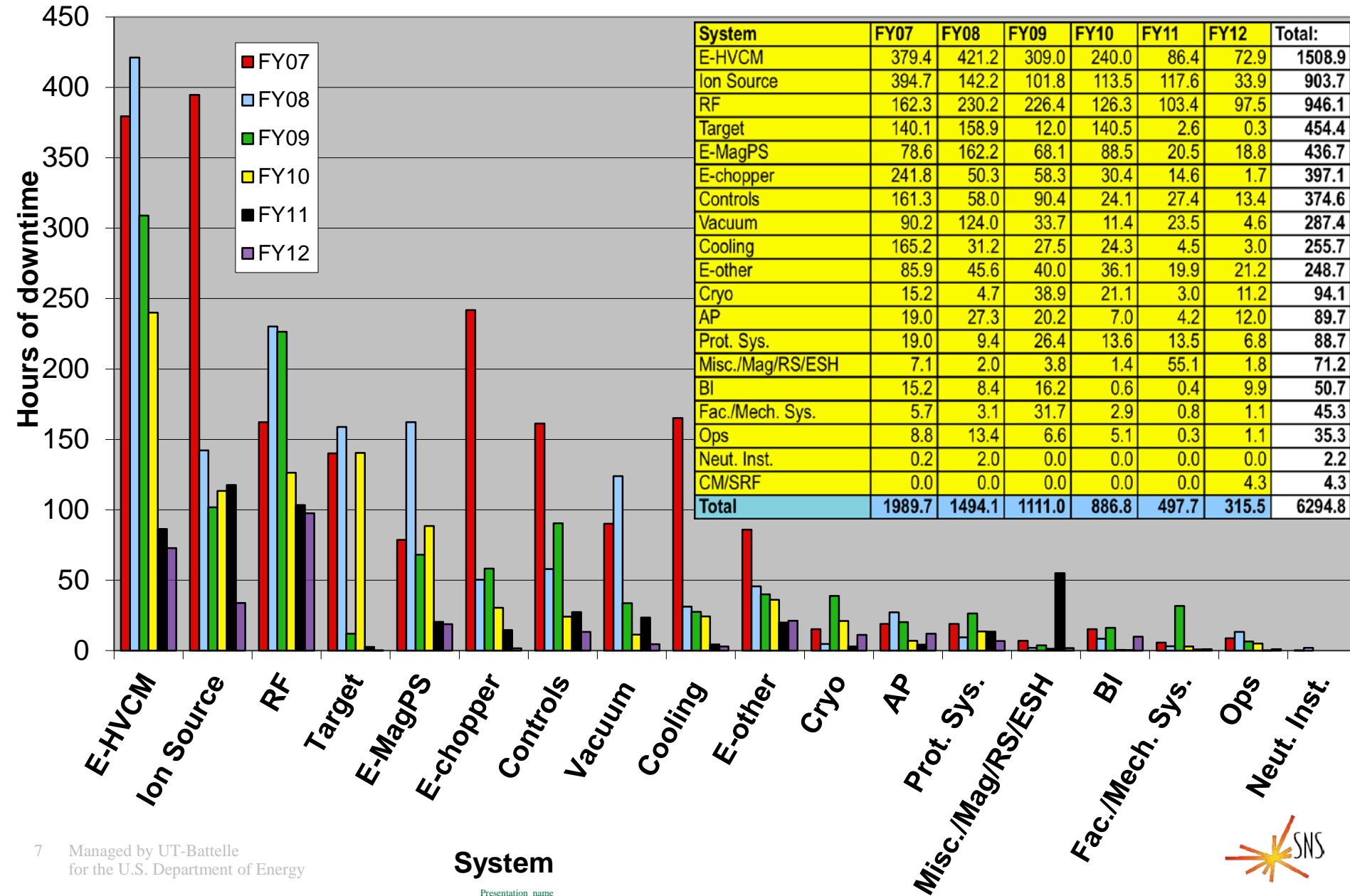
FY 12 Downtime by Group



Neutron Production Hrs, MWhrs, & Downtime by Year



Downtime by Fiscal Year (07-12) Comparison





Reliability Estimates, in the Beginning

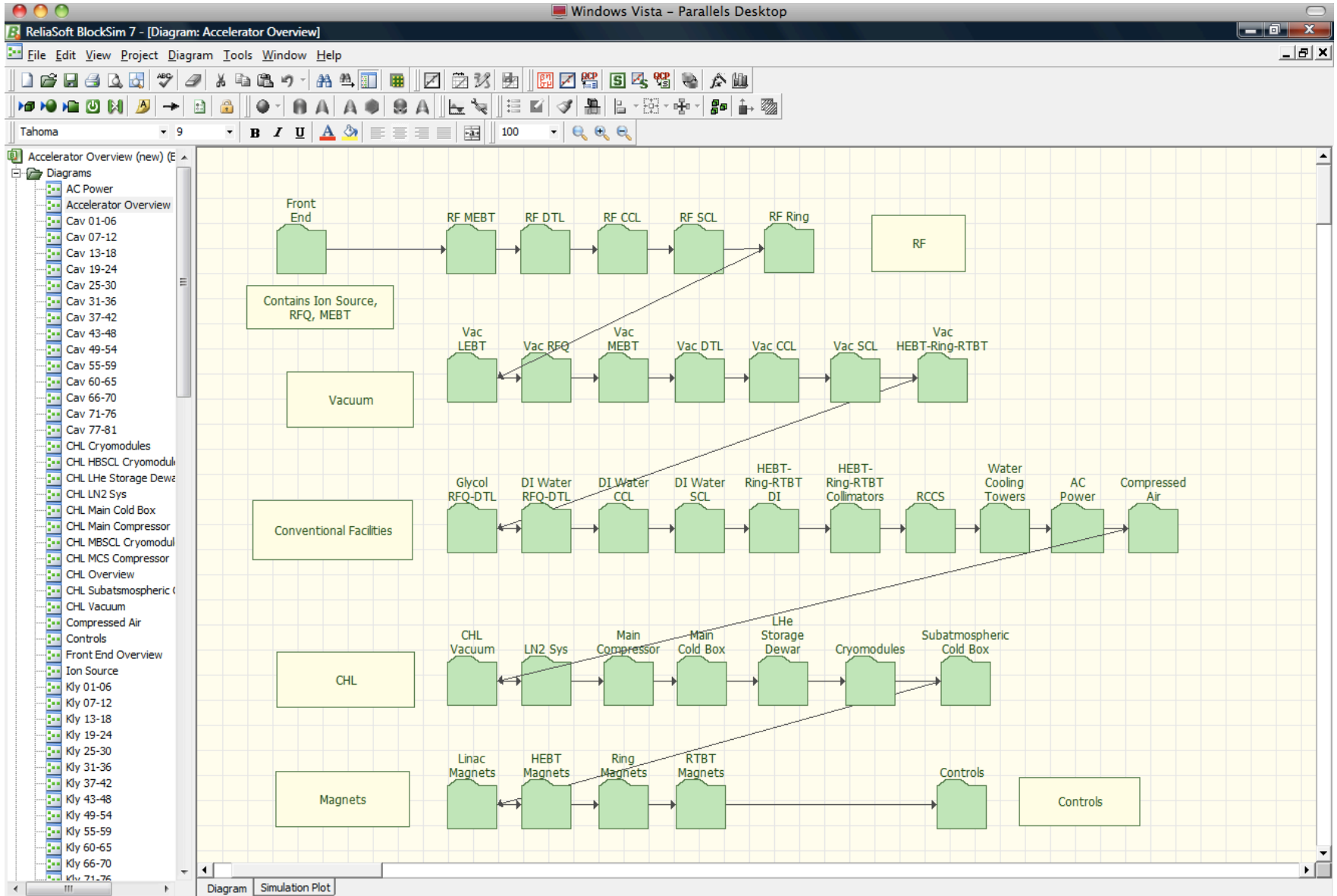
- “the spreadsheet” – numbers from industry, design specs, LANL, JLab, experts, and guesses
- Exponential distributions only (constant failure rate)
- For 160 hours mission time, availability:
 - Source – 87%
 - Linac – 80%
 - Modulators – 99%
 - Overall - ??



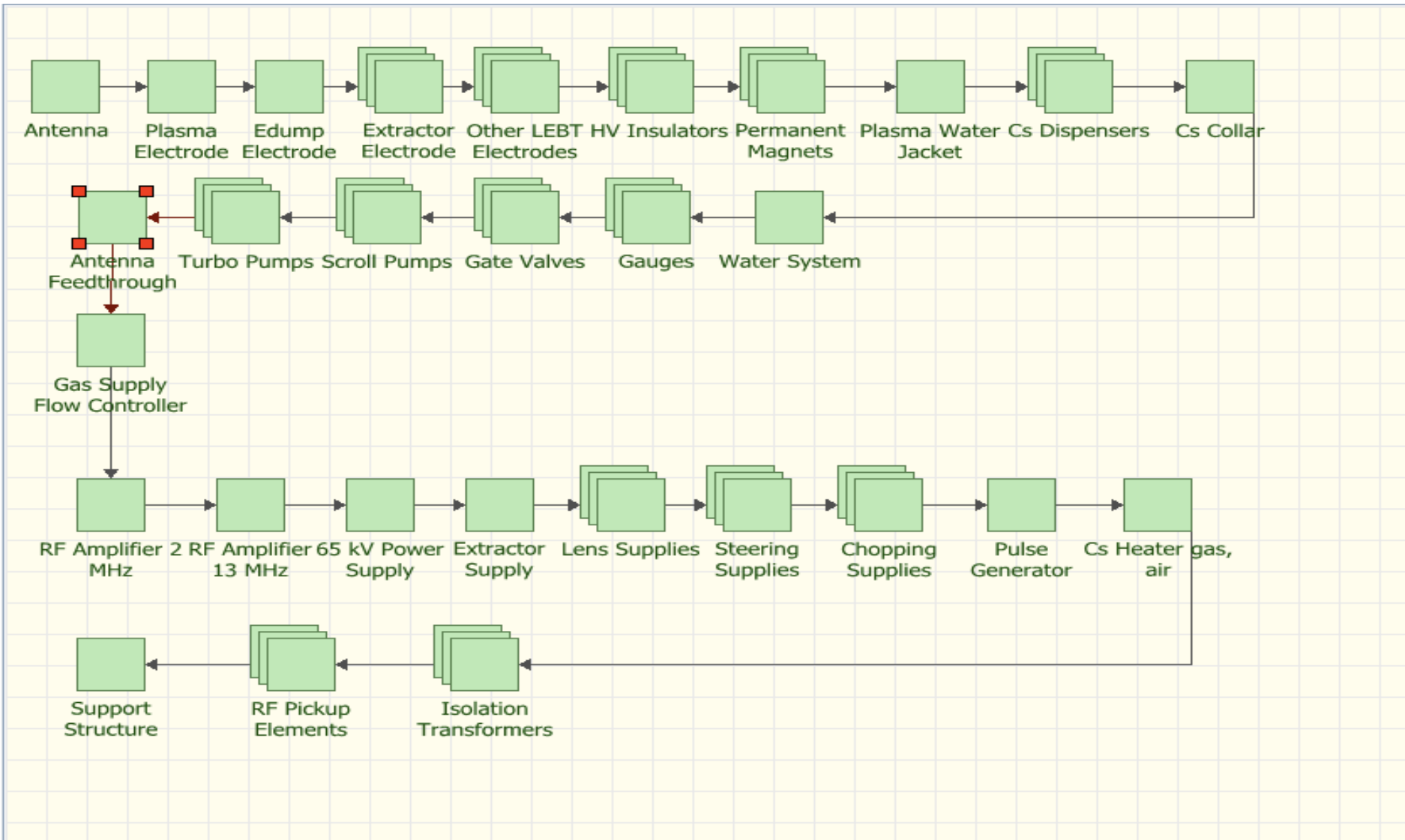
RBD/BlockSim Advantages

- Reliability Block Diagram (RBD) – “graphical representation of the components of the system and how they are reliability-wise related”
- Many failure distributions allowed
- Standby, load share, failure of switching to standby
- Analytical solution of very complex diagrams (but not an accelerator)
- Monte Carlo simulation – maintenance phases, spares, crews

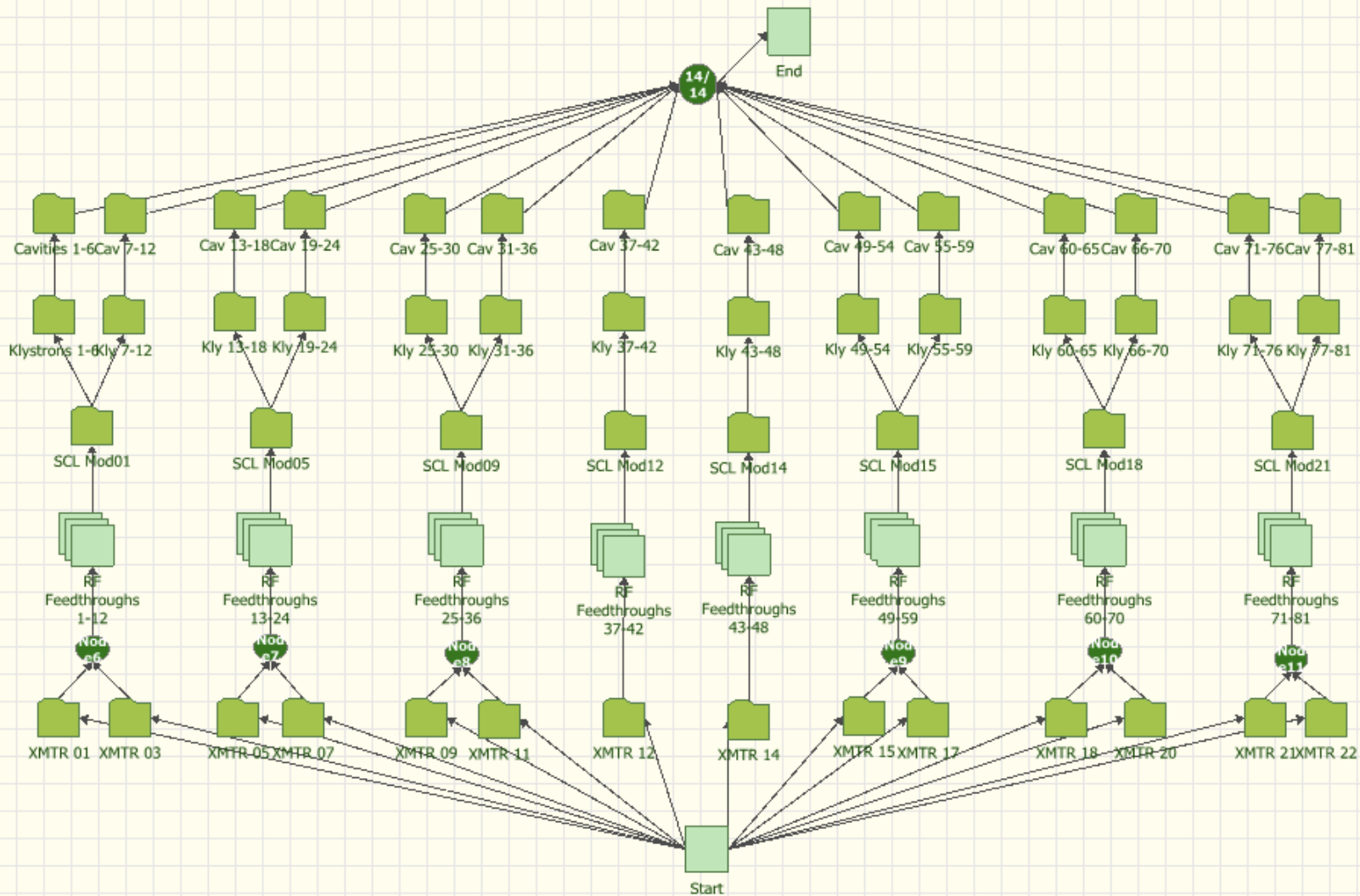
BlockSim 7/8 Model



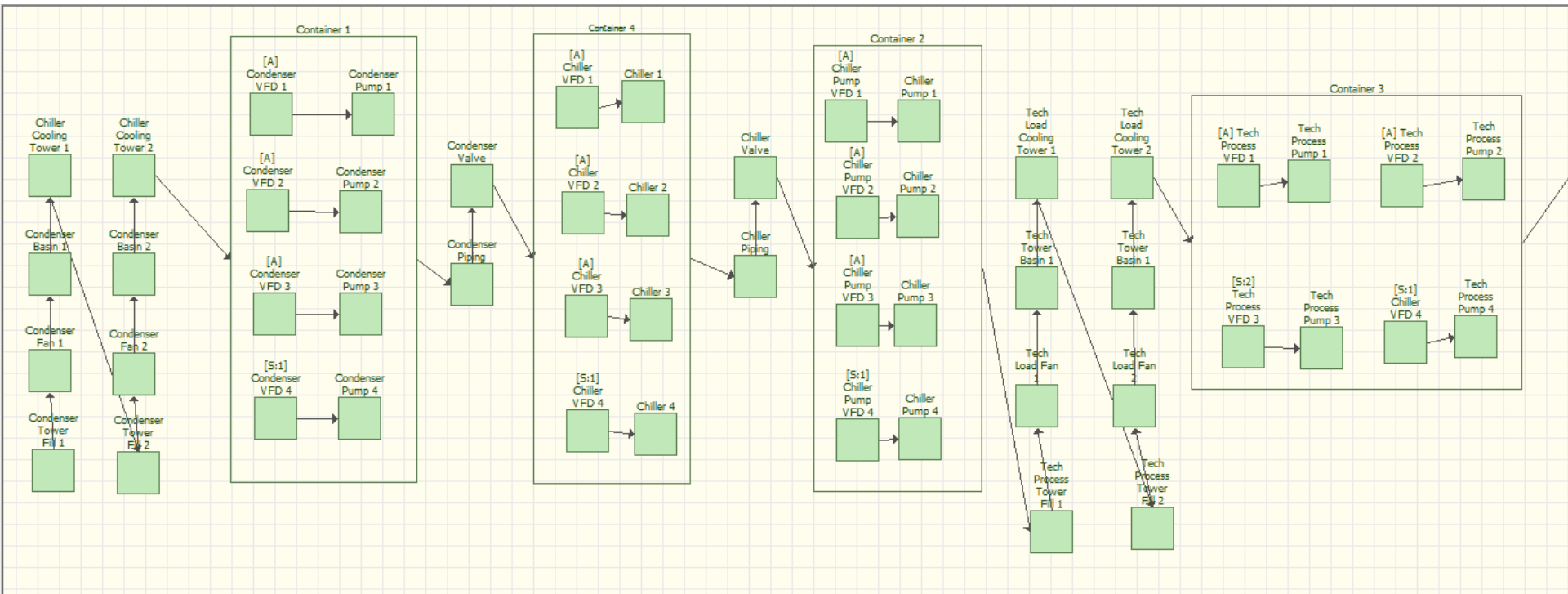
Ion Source



RF Systems



Standby Containers



Full Accelerator Simulation Results

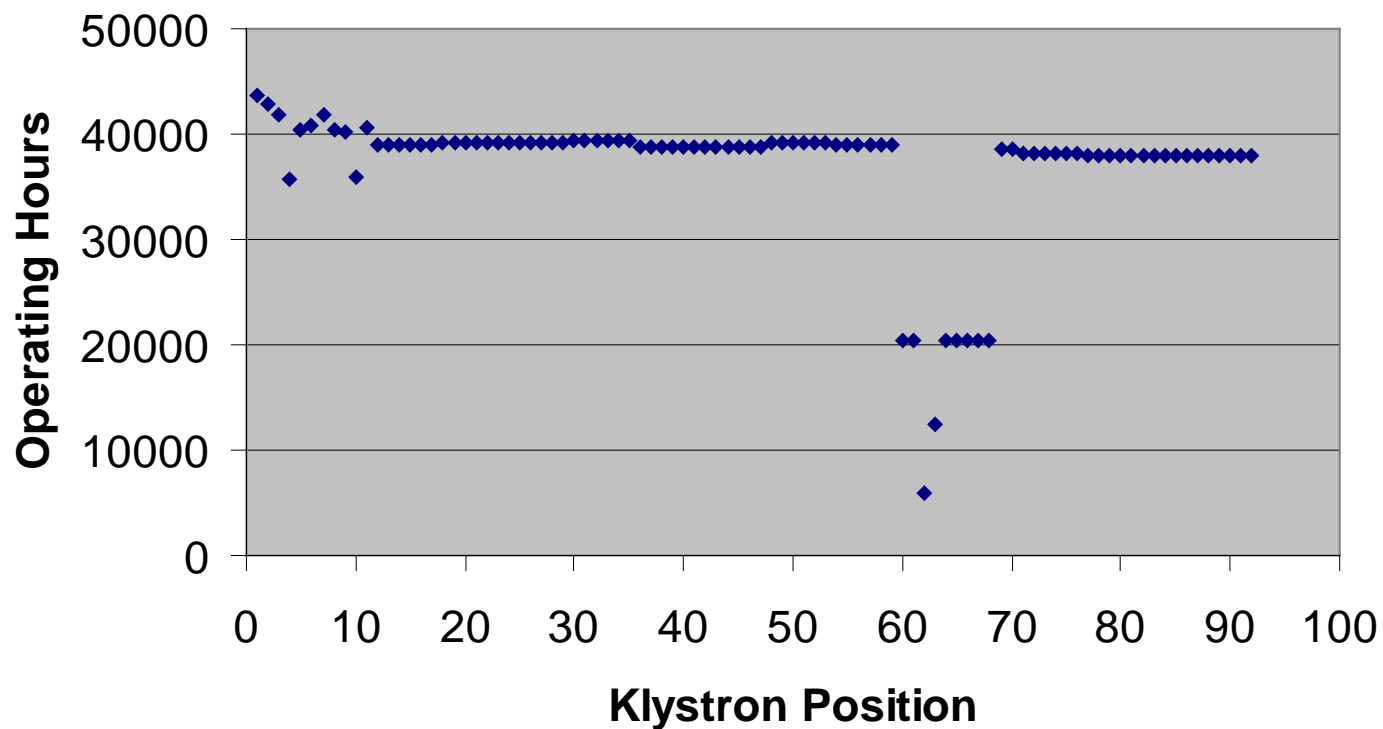
- Used exponential distributions (random failures)
- 86% - corrector power supplies, circulators, PPS modules, water valves, JT valves, etc.
- Change values for PS controllers and circulators from 50k to 100k
- 89% - RF feedthroughs, JT valves, etc.
- Change RF feedthrough from 100k to 4m (1 every 7 years), JT valves from 87k to 400k (1 every 5 years), etc
- 92% - Finally! But only for 1 seed



Klystron Spares Study

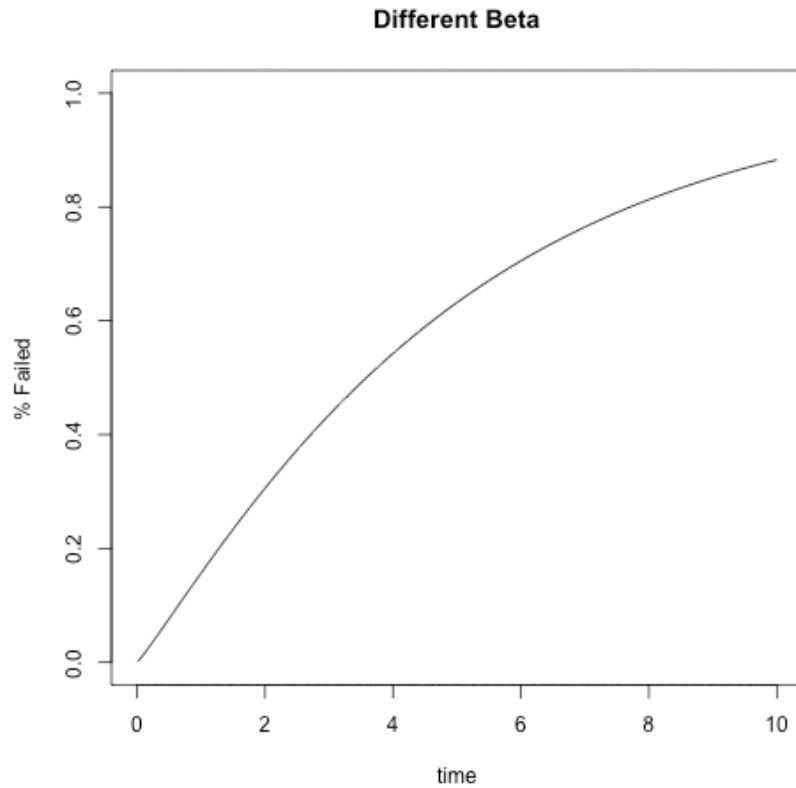
- 805 MHz, 550 (700) kW peak, 50 kW average power, 1.5 ms pulse length, 9% duty cycle
- M type cathode, 0.6-0.7 A/cm² density, manufacturer predicted lifetime > 100,000 hours
- 81 in service, 70 with ~40000 hours on filament
- How many spares to order and how quickly?

Klystron High Voltage Hours

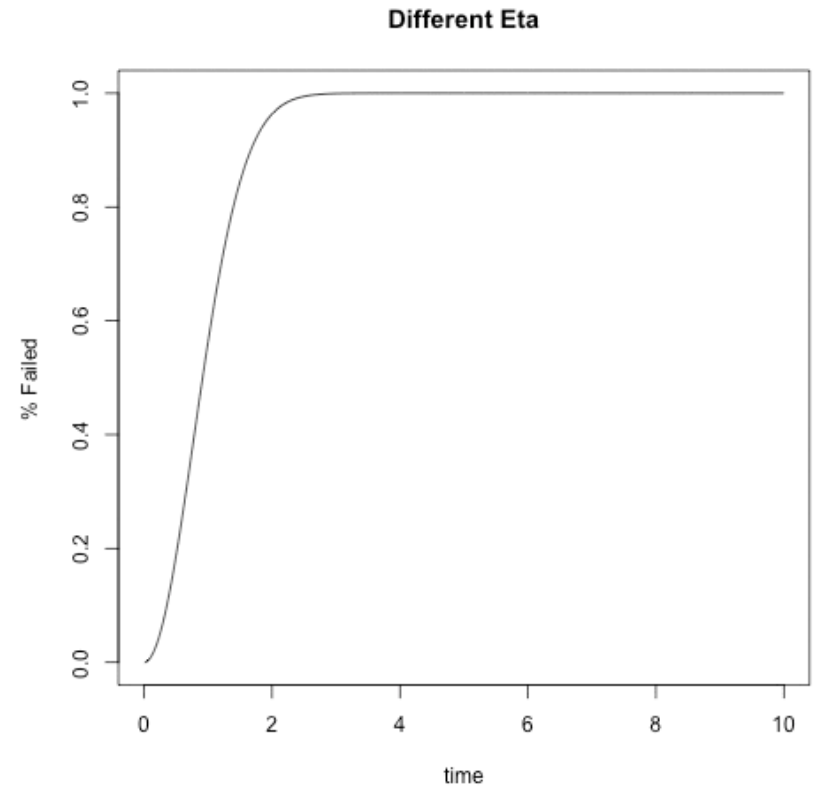


Weibull Distribution Parameters

Beta – “Shape” Parameter



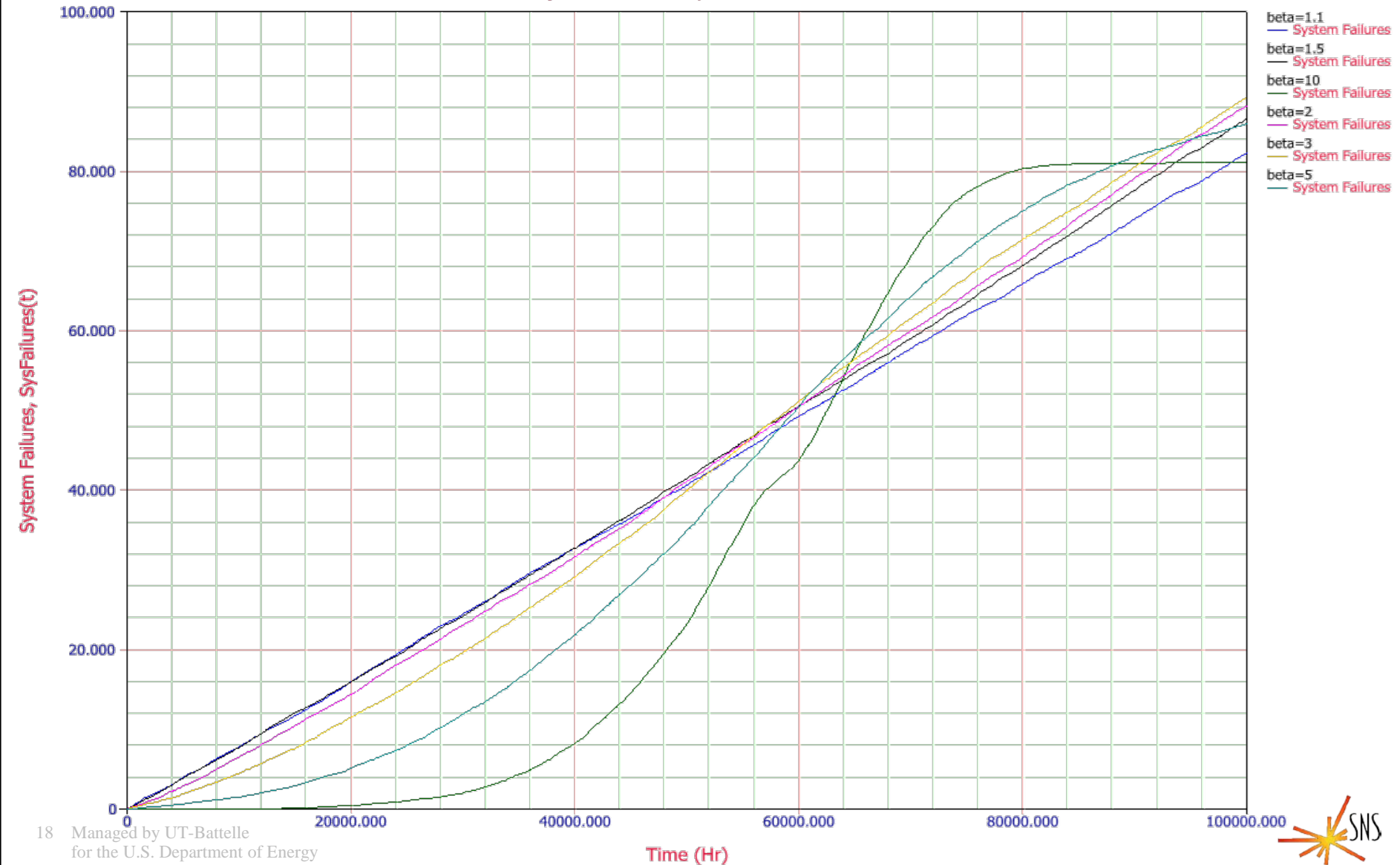
Eta – “Scale” Parameter



Klystron failures, different values of β

ReliaSoft BlockSim 8 - www.ReliaSoft.com

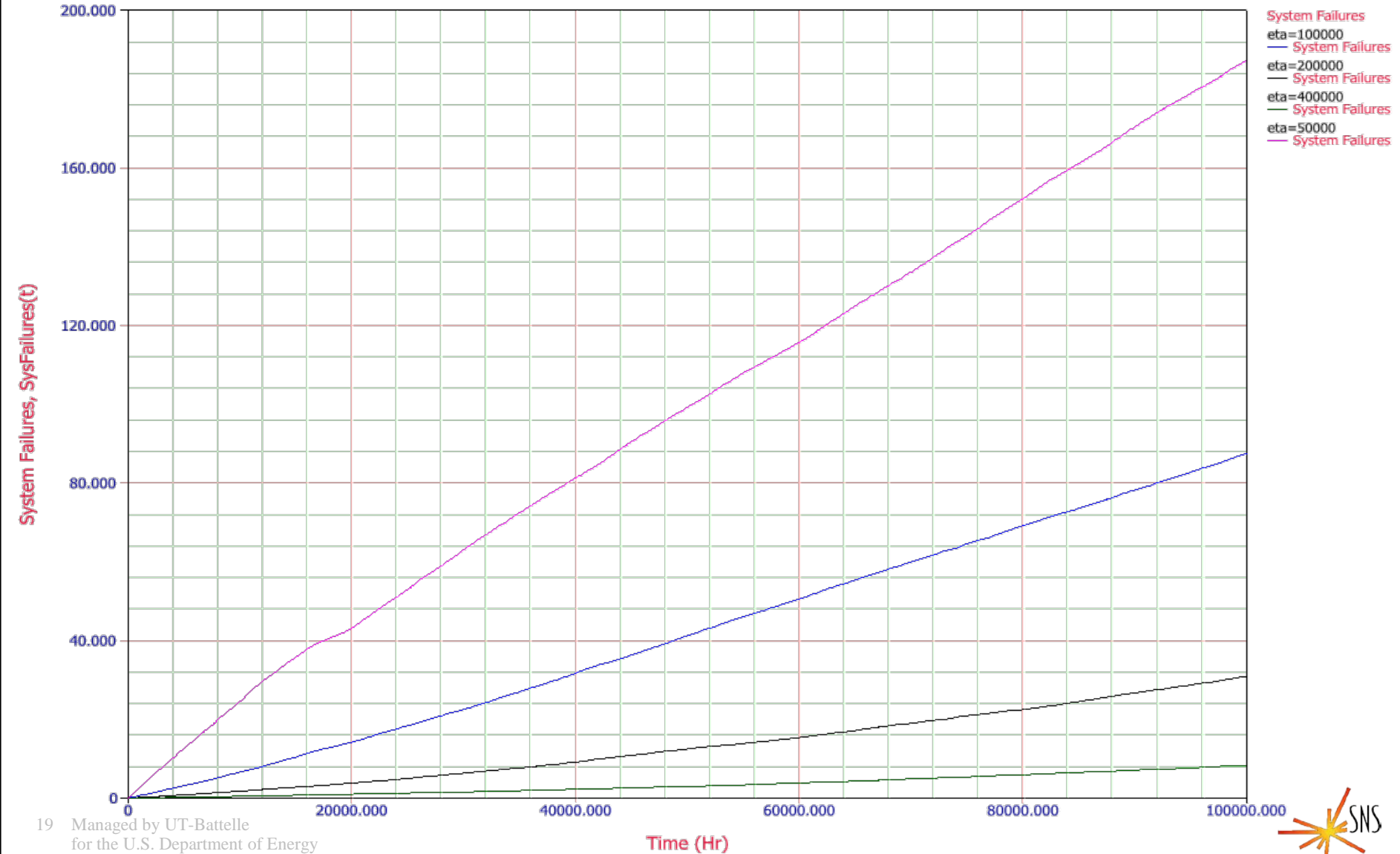
System Failures, Eta=100000



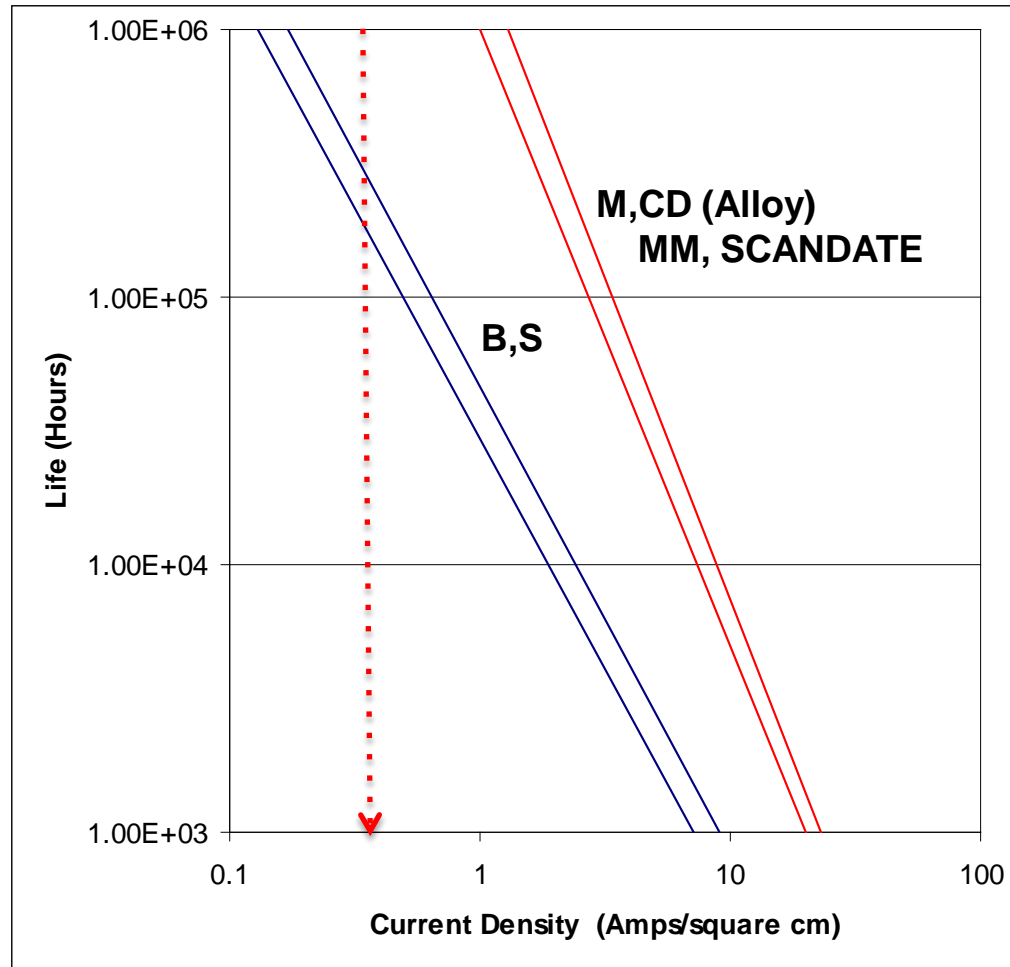
Klystron failures, different values of η

ReliaSoft BlockSim 8 - www.ReliaSoft.com

System Failures, Beta=2



Cathode Life Time



- Dispenser Cathodes: The Current State of the Technology
 - L. R. Falce, Hughs Aircraft Company, Electron Dynamics Division, IEDM 83

Conclusions

- SNS is middle aged - how long will it last?
- We still can not predict the wear-out curve – until it begins!
But we can model maintenance plans
- Cathode lifetime may not be a major concern
- Klystron spares can be ordered at a steady rate